TO THE OWNER 1





Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc.

Model 7165 Grinder Mixer

Operator's Manual 626810 Issued 07-2020 MANUAL S Y A T O 2 П



This symbol means ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED. The message that follows the symbol contains important information about your safety. Carefully read the message. Make sure you fully understand the causes of possible injury or death.

IF THIS MACHINE IS USED BY AN EMPLOYEE, IS LOANED, OR IS RENTED, MAKE SURE THAT THE OPERATOR UNDERSTANDS THE TWO INSTRUCTIONS BELOW.

BEFORE THE OPERATOR STARTS THE ENGINE:

- 1. GIVE INSTRUCTIONS TO THE OPERATOR ABOUT SAFE AND CORRECT USE OF THE MACHINE.
- 2. MAKE SURE THE OPERATOR READS AND UNDERSTANDS THE OPERATOR'S MANUAL FOR THIS MACHINE.

WARNING

IMPROPER OPERATION OF THIS MACHINE CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

BEFORE STARTING THE ENGINE, DO THE FOLLOWING:

- 1. READ THE OPERATOR'S MANUAL.
- 2. READ ALL SAFETY DECALS ON THE MACHINE.
- 3. CLEAR THE AREA OF OTHER PERSONS.

LEARN AND PRACTICE SAFE USE OF MACHINE CONTROLS IN A SAFE AND CLEAR AREA BEFORE YOU OPERATE THIS MACHINE ON A JOB SITE.

It is your responsibility to observe pertinent laws and regulations and to follow manufacturer's instructions on machine operation and maintenance.

See your Authorized Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. dealer or Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. for additional operator's manuals, illustrated parts catalogs, and service manuals.

TO THE OWNER 1

TO THE OWNER

Congratulations on the purchase of your new Art's-Way 7165 Grinder Mixer. You have selected a top quality machine that is designed and built with pride to ensure you have many years of efficient and reliable service.

Many people have worked on the design, production, and delivery of this 7165 Grinder Mixer. The information in this Manual is based on the knowledge, study, and experience through years of specializing in the manufacturing of farm machinery. This Manual is designed to provide you with important information regarding safety, maintenance, and machine operation so you can and will get the best possible performance from your 7165 Grinder Mixer.

Even if you are an experienced operator of this or similar equipment, we ask that you <u>read this manual before</u> <u>operating the 7165 Grinder Mixer.</u> The way you operate, adjust, and maintain this unit will have much to do with its successful performance. Any further questions you may have about this product of Art's-Way equipment should be directed to your local Art's-Way dealer or to Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc., Armstrong, Iowa, 50514, (712) 864-3131.

SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGN ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. is continually making product improvements. In doing so, we reserve the right to make changes and/or add improvements to our products without obligation for the equipment previously sold.

Modifications to this 7165 Grinder Mixer may affect the performance, function, and safety of its operation. Therefore, no modifications are to be made without the written permission of Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. Any modification made without the written permission of Art's-Way Mfg. Co. shall void the warranty of this product.

In the interest of continued safe operation of this 7165 Grinder Mixer, pay particular attention to the safety alert symbol(s) throughout this Manual.

ART'S-WAY MANUFACTURING CO., INC. STATEMENT OF PRODUCT LIABILITY

Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. recognizes its responsibility to provide customers with a safe and efficient product. Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., attempts to design and manufacture its products in accordance with all accepted engineering practices effective at the date of design. This statement should not be interpreted to mean that our products will protect against the user's own carelessness or failure to follow common safety practices nor will Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., be liable for any such act. In addition, Art's-Way Manufacturing Co. assumes no liability for any altered product or any modified product by users or anyone other than an authorized dealer.

IMPORTANT WARRANTY INFORMATION

The warranty for this 7165 Grinder Mixer appears on page 3 of this Manual. In order to establish proper warranty registration, the Warranty Registration must be completed and returned to the factory. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in reduced warranty allowances.

LIMITATIONS OF THIS MANUAL

This Manual contains operating instructions for your 7165 Grinder Mixer only. Any mention of other machinery in this manual other than the 7165 Grinder Mixer is for reference only. This manual does not replace nor is it to be used for any machinery that may be attached to or used in conjunction with the 7165 Grinder Mixer.

2 Parts & Service

PARTS & SERVICE

As the purchaser of your new 7165 Grinder Mixer, it is very important to consider the following factors:

- A. Original Quality
- **B. Availability of Service Parts**
- C. Availability of Adequate Service Facilities

Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. has an excellent dealership network ready to answer any questions you may have about your 7165 Grinder Mixer. Parts for your machine may be ordered through our dealers. When placing a parts order, please have the **model** and **serial number** ready. This will allow the dealer to fill your order as quickly as possible.

For your convenience, we have provided this space for you to record your model number, serial number, and the date of purchase, as well as your dealer's name and address.

Owner's Name:	
Owner's Address:	
Donalis and Dates	
Purchase Date:	
Dealership Name:	
Dealership Address: _	
Daalamahin Dhana Na .	
Dealership Phone No.:	

7165 Cattlemaxx Grinder Mixer Serial Number Location

The placard containing the serial and model number is located on the front left-hand side of the 7165 Cattlemaxx grinder mixer next to ladder. Enter the serial and model number of your 7165 Cattlemaxx grinder mixer within the space provided.



Figure 1 - Serial Number Placard.



Figure 2 - Serial Number Placard Location.

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6 SAFETY

SAFETY FIRST

"A careful operator is the best insurance against an accident"

(National Safety Council)

Most accidents can be prevented if the operator:

- Fully understands how the machine functions
- Can anticipate situations which may produce problems
- Can make necessary corrections before problems develop



THIS SYMBOL MEANS ATTENTION! BECOME ALERT! YOUR SAFETY IS INVOLVED!

Figure 1 - Universal Safety Alert Symbol.

The American Society of Agricultural Engineers has adopted the Universal Safety Alert Symbol as a way to identify areas of potential danger if the equipment is not operated correctly (see Figure 3). Please be alert whenever you see this symbol in the manuals or on your Grinder Mixer.

Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. strives to make our equipment as safe as possible. The Art's-Way 7165 Grinder Mixer conforms to applicable safety standards at the time of manufacturing. A safety conscious equipment operator makes an effective accident-prevention program complete.

Safety features and instructions for the Grinder Mixer are detailed in the section of this Operator's Manual. It is the responsibility of the owner to ensure that all operators read and understand the manual before they are allowed to operate the Grinder Mixer. (Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations 1928.57.)

NOTICES OF DANGER, WARNING, AND CAUTION

Signal Words: Note the use of signal words **DANGER**, **WARNING**, and **CAUTION** on the Grinder Mixer and in this manual. The appropriate signal word for each has been selected using the following guidelines:



DANGER: IMMEDIATE AND SPECIFIC HAZARD WHICH WILL RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH IF PROPER PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT TAKEN.



WARNING: SPECIFIC HAZARD OR UNSAFE PRACTICE COULD RESULT IN SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH IF PROPER PRECAUTIONS ARE NOT TAKEN.



CAUTION: A REMINDER OF GOOD SAFETY PRACTICES.
PERSONAL INJURY COULD RESULT IF PROPER
PROCEDURES ARE NOT FOLLOWED.

SAFETY GUIDELINES 7



SAFETY GUIDELINES



Remember:

"The Best Operator is a Safe Operator"



CAUTION: READ AND UNDERSTAND OPERATOR'S MANUAL AND ALL SAFETY DECALS BEFORE OPERATING GRINDER MIXER. REVIEW SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS WITH OPERATORS ANNUALLY.

BEFORE OPERATING

- Do not wear loose fitting clothing as it may catch in moving parts.
- Make sure to install and/or secure all guards, doors and shields, including the tractor power take-off (PTO) master shield, before starting or operating the Grinder Mixer.
- Be sure that the correct implement driveline parts are used and that they are properly secured.
- Install the safety chain when attaching the Grinder Mixer to the tractor.
- Clear the area of bystanders, especially children, when making repairs, adjustments or performing maintenance on the Grinder Mixer.
- · Do not allow riders.
- Put all tractor and machine controls in "neutral" and disengage the PTO before starting. Follow the starting instructions according to your tractor Manual.
- Operate the Grinder Mixer only while seated on the tractor seat.
- Make sure the unit is adequately supported with safety blocks or safety stands when changing tires or performing maintenance.



CAUTION: KEEP CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS. SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND WAIT FOR ALL MOVEMENT TO STOP BEFORE APPROACHING MACHINE OR MAKING ADJUSTMENTS.

DURING OPERATION

- Keep hands, feet, hair, and clothing away from moving parts.
- Keep all guards, doors and shields in place and in good working condition.
- Keep all bystanders, especially children, away from the grinder mixer while in operation.
- Do not allow riders while the grinder mixer is in operation.
- Do not attempt to unclog, clean, or adjust the grinder mixer while it is running.
- Stay away from overhead power lines.
 Electrocution can occur even without direct contact.
- Keep all hydraulic lines, fittings, and couplers tight and free of leaks. (Refer to - Hydraulic Safety.)
- Use caution when ascending or descending on the grinder mixer. Wet shoes or boots are slippery.

MAINTENANCE SAFETY

- Follow all operating, maintenance and safety instructions found in this Manual.
- Before servicing, adjusting, repairing or unclogging the machine, always make sure the tractor engine is stopped, the parking brake is set, and all the moving parts have stopped.
- Use sufficient tools, jacks, and hoists that have the capacity for the job.
- Use support blocks or safety stands when changing tires or performing maintenance.
- Follow good shop practices of keeping the service area clean and dry and use adequate light for the job at hand.
- Before applying pressure to the hydraulic system, make sure all lines, fittings and couplers are tightly secured and in good condition.
- Make sure all guards, doors and shields are in place and properly secured when performing maintenance.

8 SAFETY GUIDELINES

HYDRAULIC SAFETY

- Make sure components in the hydraulic system are kept clean and in good working condition.
- Relieve pressure from the hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting from the tractor.
- Keep all hydraulic lines, fittings, and couplers tightly secured and free of leaks.
- Replace any worn, cut, abraded, flattened or crimpled hoses.
- Do not make any temporary repairs to the hydraulic lines, fittings or hoses using tape, clamps, or cement. The hydraulic system operates under extremely high pressure and temporary repairs may fail suddenly and create a hazardous and or dangerous situation.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for a high-pressure hydraulic leak. Use a piece of wood or cardboard as a backstop instead of hands to identify and isolate a leak. If injured by a concentrated high-pressure stream of hydraulic fluid, seek medical attention immediately. Serious infection or toxic reaction can develop if hydraulic fluid penetrates the surface of the skin.
- Before applying pressure to the system, make sure all components are tight and that the hydraulic lines, hoses, and couplings are not damaged.

TRANSPORTATION SAFETY

- Make sure the grinder mixer complies with all local regulations regarding the transportation of equipment on public roads and highways.
- Make sure the Slow Moving Vehicle (SMV) emblem and all lights and reflectors required by local highway and transportation authorities are properly in place, clean, and clearly visible to traffic.
- Do not allow riders on any machinery during transport.
- Make sure the grinder mixer is securely attached to the tractor and install a safety chain to the grinder mixer.
- Make sure the tractor brake pedals are latched together.
- Do not exceed 20 mph (32 km/h) when transporting the grinder mixer. Always reduce speed on rough roads and surfaces, or when going down inclines.
- Use caution when turning and always use the turn signals on the tractor to indicate your turning intentions to the other traffic.

- The weight of the trailed machine should NEVER exceed the weight of the towing vehicle.
- Check all clearances carefully whenever the machine is towed.
- Lower the elevator into the transport position before transporting the harvester on the highway.
- Stay away from overhead obstructions and power lines during transport. Electrocution can occur even without direct contact.

STORAGE SAFETY

- Store the grinder mixer in an area away from human activity.
- Do not permit children to play on or around the stored machine at any time.
- Make sure that the grinder mixer is stored in an area with a firm and level base to prevent the machine from tipping or sinking into the ground.
- Block the wheels to prevent the machine from rolling.

TIRE SAFETY

- Have only a qualified tire dealer or tire repair service perform tire repairs.
- Do not attempt to install a tire on a wheel or rim unless you have the proper equipment and experience to do the job.
- Follow proper procedures when installing a tire on a wheel or rim to prevent an explosion that could result in serious injury.
- Do not substitute tires with a lesser road rating and/or capacity for the original equipment tires.



CAUTION: FAILURE TO FOLLOW PROPER PROCEDURES WHEN INSTALLING TIRE ON WHEEL OR RIM CAN PRODUCE EXPLOSION THAT MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO INSTALL TIRE WITHOUT PROPER EQUIPMENT AND EXPERIENCE TO PERFORM JOB. REPLACEMENT, REPAIR, AND/OR MAINTENANCE SHOULD BE DONE BY QUALIFIED TIRE DEALER OR QUALIFIED REPAIR SERVICE.

SAFETY GUIDELINES 9

ASSEMBLY SAFETY

• Use adequate manpower to perform assembly procedures safely.

- Assemble the grinder mixer in an area with sufficient space to maneuver the largest components and allow easy access to all sides of the machine.
- Use only forklifts, lift cranes, jacks and tools with sufficient capacity for the loads.
- Do not allow spectators, especially children, in the working area.

Remember:

"The Best Operator is a Safe Operator"

SAFETY DECALS

DECAL LOCATIONS & IDENTIFICATION

The different types of safety decals for your 7165 Grinder Mixer are illustrated on the following pages. Please familiarize yourself with the appearance of each decal, the warning it describes, and the area where it is located on the grinder mixer (see Figure 2, Figure 5, and Figure 3).

Safety awareness is the responsibility of each operator of the grinder mixer. Keep safety decals and signs clean and legible and be sure replacement parts display the current safety decals and signs as well.

Remember: Always replace missing, damaged or illegible safety decals. New decals and signs are available from an authorized dealer.

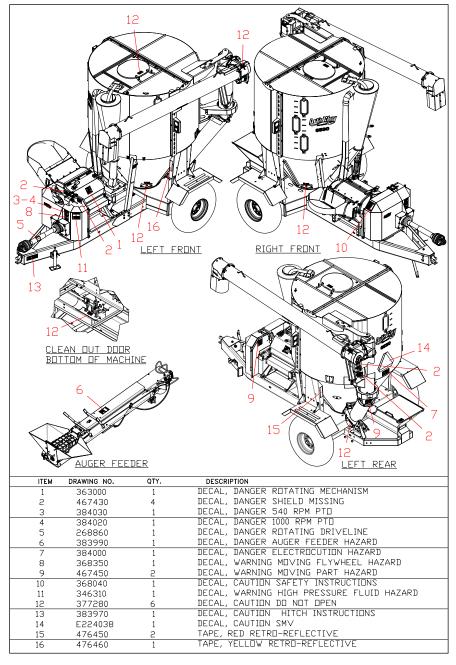


Figure 2 - Safety Decal Locations.

NOTE: Keep all decals clean and free of dirt for maximum visibility. Replace all individual decals that are no longer legible. Read and obey all safety decals and be familiar with their meaning.



1. DANGER - Rotation Mechanism (363000)



3. DANGER - 540 RPM PTO (384030)



5. DANGER – Rotating Driveline (268860)



2. DANGER - Shield Missing (467430)



4. DANGER - 1000 RPM PTO (384020)



6. DANGER – Auger Feeder Hazard (383990)

Figure 5 - Safety Decals.

NOTE: Keep all decals clean and free of dirt for maximum visibility. Replace all individual decals that are no longer legible. Read and obey all safety decals and be familiar with their meaning.



7. DANGER - Electrocution Hazard (384000)



6. WARNING - Moving Part Hazard (467450)





8. WARNING - Moving Flywheel Hazard (368350)

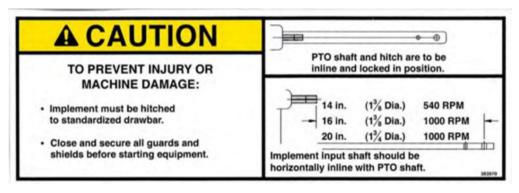


10. CAUTION - Safety Instructions (368040)



12. CAUTION - Do Not Open (377280)

8. WARNING - High Pressure Fluid Hazard (346310)



13. CAUTION - Hitch Instructions (383970)

Figure 3 - Safety Decals.

NOTE: Keep all decals clean and free of dirt for maximum visibility. Replace all individual decals that are no longer legible. Read and obey all safety decals and be familiar with their meaning.

14 INTRODUCTION

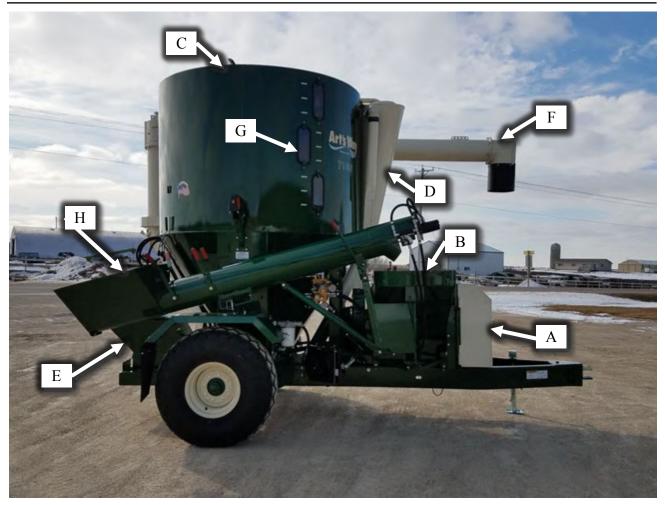


Figure 4 - Model 7165 With Auger Feeder (A – PTO Driveline; B – Hammer Mill; C – Mixing Tank; D – Dust Collector; E – Supplemental Hopper; F – Unloading Auger; G – Viewing Windows; H – Auger Feeder).

INTRODUCTION

This manual has been prepared to make you familiar with the proper operation, adjustment, lubrication and service of your grinder mixer. Take time to be careful and better understand the efficient operation and care of your machine.

Whenever the terms "**Left**" and "**Right**" are used, it should be understood to mean standing behind the machine and facing the direction of forward travel.

Some pictorials are used to show guards, doors and shields removed for easy identification. Make sure that all guards, doors and shields are in place before operating the machine. They are for your protection.

The Art's-Way 7165 Grinder Mixer is driven by a PTO driveline of 80 HP to 150 HP tractors. (Figure 4, Detail A.) When using a tractor over 150 HP, limit input. It is factory available with either a 540 or 1000 RPM drive.

Hammer Mill respective speed should be maintained as the Hammer Mill cylinder operates

best at 2800 to 3000 RPM. (Figure 4, Detail B.) Hammer Mill cylinder must not exceed 3000 PRM.



CAUTION: NEVER OPERATE 540 RPM PROCESSOR WITH 1000 RPM TRACTOR.

Before operating your grinder mixer, select and install the screen size desired. Sizes are available from 1/8 to 2 inch openings. For screen selection guidelines, refer to OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER – Hammer Mill Screens.

All types of grain can be ground with the Hammer Mill. Hay can be ground with a minimum of 1/3 mixer of grain. Material is fed into the Hammer Mill where it is ground until it can pass through the screen size selected. From the Hammer Mill, the material is augered into the mixing tank. (Figure 4, Detail C.) A suction fan takes air pressure out of the Hammer Mill housing and delivers feed fines into the dust collector. (Figure 4, Detail D.) The fines are

INTRODUCTION 15

separated and then dropped into the mill to mixer auger.

If supplement is to be added to the ration, a hopper with a sack cutter is located at the right rear of the mixing tank. (Figure 4, Detail E – Supplement Auger.) The best mixing will result if the supplement is added before grinding.

The ground feed is mixed continuously until the tractor PTO is disengaged.

The unloading auger pivots at the left rear of the mixing tank and can swing 225 degrees on the grinder mixer in a horizontal arc. (Figure 4, Detail F.) It can also swing in a vertical arc to the limit of the lift cylinder. Unloading rates up to 50 bushels per minute can be obtained depending upon position of the discharge and the type of material processed.

Five viewing windows are located around the mixing tank to observe the feed level during grinding and mixing. (Figure 4, Detail G.)

A non-slip ladder is located at the front left corner of the mixing tank to gain access to the spring-loaded mixing tank lid.



CAUTION: DO NOT OPEN SPRING-LOADED MIXING TANK LID WHILE PTO IS ENGAGED AND TRACTOR IS RUNNING.

Many convenient features are standard equipment on the Art's Way 7165 grinder mixer including:

7165

- 1. 13.5 x 16.1 tires.
- 2. Magnet in the Hammer Mill throat.
- Hydraulic positioning of discharge auger. This includes a hydraulic cylinder for lift and hydraulic motor for swing.
- 4. Positioner to enable the hopper on the auger feeder to be moved in or out 6 inches to properly position in front of the augers. (Figure 4, Detail H.)
- 5. Fenders with mud flaps.
- 6. Screen rack.
- 7. Plated side-winder tongue jack.
- 8. Discharge auger hood with spring loaded relief door.
- Tractor run hydraulics or temperature regulated self-contained hydraulics with electric activated discharge and wireless remote control.
- 10. Highway transport LED light kit.

Below is a list of optional attachments available:

- 1. 540 RPM or 1000 RPM PTO (overrun clutch).
- Auger feeder (hydraulic).
- 3. Electronic scale, with digital readout.
- 4. Positioning arm for electronic scale box.
- 5. Horn, light, or horn and light for electronic scale.
- 6. Unloading auger extensions; 3 ft. or 6 ft. folding or bolt-on.
- 7. Hydraulic roll feed in mill throat Hammer Mills.
- 8. 20' extension harness to operate complete control box from tractor.



Figure 5 - Model 7165 With Self-Contained Hydraulics and Auger Feeder.

PREPAIRING THE GRINDER MIXER FOR OPERATION

Remove the shipping banding or wire from the auger feeder (if equipped), rear discharge cover and the unloading tube to saddle at the side of the tank.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Read and review the Dealer Checklist with your dealer prior to operating new grinder mixer. Remove the bag from the supplement hopper. Place the screen hook in the Hammer Mill door pin (see Figure 6).



Figure 6 - Screen Hook Storage.

Install the PTO driveline storage bracket under the front hitch with 1/2 inch x 1-1/2 inch bolt and lock nut (see Figure 7a). Maintain tension with the lock nut to allow movement with 15 lbs. pull.



Figure 7a - PTO Driveline Storage Bracket.

If equipped with auger feeder, remove the transport locking plate, to use auger feeder positioner. Refer to OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER – Auger Feeder Operation and Auger Feeder Positioner Operation.

Install any option that was ordered with the grinder mixer and shipped as loose equipment. See instructions packaged with the specific options for installation.

Install the implement end of the PTO driveline by fastening it to the input jackshaft with the 5/16 inch roll pin provided. Removal of the two grease zerks will allow access to inner hub alignment pin cross hole. Rotate the outer hub until the holes line up with the inner hub and install roll pin. Make sure the roll pin does NOT protrude past the inner hub on either side of hub (see Figure 10b).

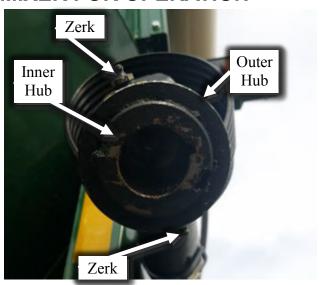
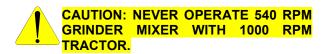


Figure 10b - Implement end of PTO.

Re-install the two grease zerks and make sure the proper PTO is used.



NOTE: Height of the unloading auger tube needs to be checked. Move the saddle on the side of the mixing tank so the tube will properly clear the tractor and cab.

If equipped with a folding extension, hydraulic auger feeder, or roll feed, refer to OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER –Folding Auger Extension, Unloading Auger Hood, and Auger Feed Operation sections as well as the ATTACHMENTS section for instructions.

TIRES

Keep tires properly inflated. Lack of pressure can result in torn valve stems, fabric breaks and uneven tread wear. Too much pressure can cause undue strain on fabric, excessive tread wear and allows the tire to cut in more on wet surfaces. Equal tire pressure reduces grinder mixer sway when towing.

Recommended tire inflation pressure is as follows:

13.5 x 16.1 8 – PR tires – 28 psi

GUARDS, DOORS, AND SHIELDS

Make sure that all of the guards, doors, and shields are in place and functioning.

BOLTS AND NUTS

Cap screws, except for shear bolts, used on the grinder mixer are Grade 5 and if replaced, cap screws of equal or greater strength should be used. Grade 5 cap screws are identified by three radial dashes on the hex head. Refer to the SAE bolt identification guide (see Figure 8).

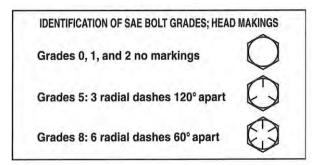


Figure 8 - SAE Bolt Identification.

IMPORTANT: Shear bolts must be replaced with bolts of the same grade

Before operation of the grinder mixer, make sure all bolts and nuts are properly tightened. Make sure all cotter pins are spread and not damaged. After operation of the grinder mixer for several hours, make sure all bolts are set to proper torque. Refer to the torque guide (see Table 1).

	I		
Size	Clamp Load	Plain GR 5	Plated GR 5
1/4 – 20 (.250)	2,025	8 ft. lbs.	76 in. lbs.
5/16 – 18 (.3125)	3,338	17 ft. lbs.	13 ft. lbs.
3/8 – 16 (.375)	4,950	31 ft. lbs.	23 ft. lbs.
7/16 – 14 (.4375)	6,788	50 ft. lbs.	37 ft. lbs.
1/2 – 13 (.500)	9,075	76 ft. lbs.	57 ft. lbs.
9/16 – 12 (.5625)	11,625	109 ft. lbs.	82 ft. lbs.
5/8 – 11 (.625)	14,400	150 ft. lbs.	112 ft. lbs.
3/4 - 10 (.750)	21,300	266 ft. lbs.	200 ft. lbs.
7/8 – 9 (.875)	29,475	430 ft. lbs.	322 ft. lbs.
1 – 8 (1.00)	38,625	644 ft. lbs.	483 ft. lbs.
1-1/8 – 7 (1.125)	42,375	794 ft. lbs.	596 ft. lbs.

Table 1 - Torque Specification Guide for Grade 5 Bolts.

Lubricate the grinder mixer at regular intervals as instructed in the lubrication sections. (Refer to **LUBRICATION** section.)

PREPARING THE TRACTOR

The tractor must be equipped with a 540 or 1000 RPM PTO to match the grinder mixer as described in the previous section. Make sure the grinder mixer and the tractor are equipped and set for the proper RPM.



TRACTOR HITCH

The hitch for the grinder mixer is designed to attach to any SAE – ASAE standardized tractor drawbar. Adjust the drawbar so it is 13 to 17 inches above the ground (see Figure 9). Extend or shorten the tractor drawbar so the horizontal distance from the end of the tractor PTO shaft to the center of the hitch pin hole is 14 inches for 540 RPM and 16 inches for 1000 RPM drives.

Lock the drawbar in its crossbar, parallel with the centerline of the PTO. Place locking pins on each side of the drawbar. If the tractor has an offset drawbar, the offset should be down for PTO work.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> An improperly located hitch point may cause damage to the universal joints (U-Joints) of the PTO driveline.

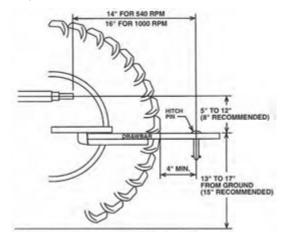


Figure 9 - Hitch Point Locations.

ATTACHING TO THE TRACTOR

NOTE: Height of the unloading auger tube needs to be checked. Move the saddle on the side of the mixing tank so the tube will properly clear the tractor and cab.

Carefully back the tractor up to the hitch. Use the crank of the jack to raise or lower the grinder mixer hitch into position to engage the tractor drawbar.

Fasten the grinder mixer hitch to the drawbar with a hitch pin that cannot bounce out. Raise the jack and

lock into the transport position (see Figure 10). Attach the safety chain from the grinder mixer to the tractor (see Figure 11).



CAUTION: ALWAYS FOLLOW STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS REGARDING SAFETY CHAIN WHEN TOWING FARM EQUIPMENT ON PUBLIC HIGHWAYS.



Figure 10 - Tongue Jack.



Figure 11 - Grinder Attached to the Tractor with Safety Chain.

For Electronic Scale Indicator, plug the scale power supply cord into the electrical outlet on the tractor or to the battery on the mixer frame. (Wire power cord to the battery as shown in Figure 33.)

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> On electronic scale applications, if a bolt and nut are used in place of a hitch pin, the nut must not be tightened to where it hits against the underside of the weigh bar clevis.

Connect the PTO driveline to the tractor PTO shaft. The PTO operating speed of the tractor and grinder mixer must be the same. The tractor half of the PTO is equipped with 6-splines for 540 RPM operation and 21-splines for (small) 1000 RPM operation.

Plug 7-Pin connector for lights into tractor receptacle.

HAMMER MILL

Make sure the grinder mixer is equipped with a 1000 RPM drive when operating with a tractor equipped with a 1000 RPM PTO drive. The diameter of the pulley on the jackshaft must be 12-5/16 inches for 1000 RPM operation in a Hammer Mill application. The diameter of the pulley on the jackshaft must be 22-5/8 inches for 540 RPM operation in a Hammer Mill application (see Figure 12).



CAUTION: NEVER OPERATE 540 RPM GRINDER MIXER WITH 1000 RPM TRACTOR.

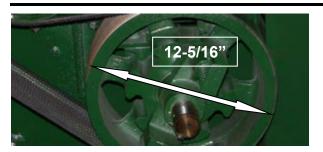


Figure 12 – Small Pulley - 1000 RPM (Shields Removed for Clarity).

After connecting the PTO driveline to the tractor, anchor the driveline implement shield chain, located in the main shield base slot, and the tractor shield chain to the tractor drawbar.

BEFORE GRINDING

New machines should be operated before preparing feed. A few hundred pounds of coarse material such as shelled corn or ground cobs should be ran through the grinder mixer. This will remove the protective oil coating from the mixer cone and any metal particles that may be in the machine. This will help polish the cone and prevent bridging. After several minutes of running the grinder mixer, unload the mixture and discard. **Do not feed this mixture to the livestock.**

DETACHING FROM THE TRACTOR



CAUTION: SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, REMOVE KEY, AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Make sure the discharge auger and the auger feeder are in their saddles before disconnecting.

Disconnect the PTO driveline and front shield anchor chain from the tractor and place it on the PTO driveline support bracket (see Figure 13). The PTO driveline support should be tight enough to remain in position when rotated from storage against the frame to use position.

Disconnect the electronic scale power cord, control box power cord, and/or actuator control box power cord from the tractor (if equipped).

Disconnect the hydraulic hoses from the tractor outlets (if equipped with tractor hydraulic functions).

Disconnect 7-Pin connector for lights from tractor and plug into storage receptacle on grinder mixer frame.

Block the tires. Lower the jack stand to the ground. Turn the handle of the jack stand to raise the grinder mixer tongue off of the tractor hitch. Remove the hitch pin and safety chain.



Figure 13 - PTO Support.

OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER

TRACTOR PTO ENGAGEMENT

The mixer may be operated by engaging the PTO. Always engage the tractor PTO with the tractor engine at idle speed. After the PTO is engaged, increase the engine speed gradually until the advertised operating PTO speed is obtained. Reverse the PTO engagement steps to disengage the PTO.

For smooth PTO operation and to help increase the life of the PTO driveline, make sure the tractor is aligned straight with the frame of the grinder mixer whenever possible.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> If mixing while in transport, avoid sharp and unnecessary turns which may damage the PTO driveline.

HAMMER MILL CLUTCH PIN



CAUTION: SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET BEFORE CHANGING POSITIONS OF CLUTCH PIN.

The Hammer Mill clutch pin is located on the front of the pulley/fly-wheel (see Figure 14). *Make sure the grinder mixer has come to a complete stop and shut off the tractor before proceeding with the next step.* To engage the Hammer Mill, turn the fly-wheel by hand to align one of the six slots in the fly-wheel with the pin. Push in the pin and turn 1/4 turn in either direction to lock it in place. To disengage the Hammer Mill, push in the pin, turn 1/4 turn, and release.



CAUTION: ALWAYS OPERATE PTO AT SAME SPEED FOR WHICH GRINDER MIXER IS EQUIPPED: 540 OR 1000 RPM. NOTE SPEED DECAL ON FRONT SHIELD OF GRINDER MIXER.

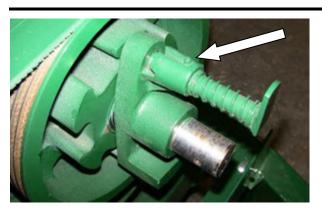


Figure 14 - Hammer Mill Clutch Pin (Pin Disengaged in Photo and Shields Removed for Clarity).

FEED GATE

A feed gate is provided in the mill throat with a rubber baffle (removed for roll feed installation) behind it (see Figure 15). The feed gate should be set to the lowest possible position to allow material to flow into the Hammer Mill evenly.

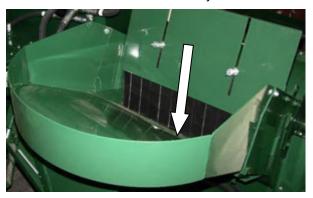


Figure 15 - Feed Gate at Throat of the Hammer Mill.

WEAR PLATES



WARNING: HAMMERS MAKE LOUD BANGING NOISES WHEN CONTACTING WEAR PLATES. IMMEDIATELY SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE AND DETERMINE CAUSE OF BANGING BEFORE RESTARTING.

There are two replaceable wear plates in the 7165 Hammer Mill. The position of the upper wear plate is fixed. The lower wear plate (see Figure 19) is adjustable, but should not need to be moved. Moving the lower wear plate in or out will only change the clearance to the hammers by approximately 1/16" (see Figure 20). Having the lower wear plate should improve the desired particle size of the feed and reduce the horse power required for processing.

Note: The lower wear plate is reversible.

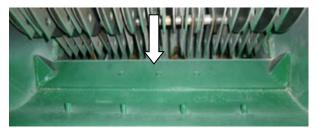


Figure 19 – Lower Wear Plate at Throat of the Hammer Mill.

<u>Note</u>: For coarser grind the lower wear plate could be removed completely.



DANGER: TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO HAMMER MILL:

- 1. FRONT EDGE OF LOWER WEAR PLATE SHOULD BE TIGHT AGAINST THROAT PLATE TO PREVENT BUILD UP UNDER WEAR PLATE.
- KEEP WEAR PLATE BOLTS TIGHT AGAINST THROAT PLATE TO PREVENT BUILD UP UNDER WEAR PLATE.
- 3. IF LOWER WEAR PLATE IS MOVED OF REPLACED, MAKE SURE THERE IS NO GAP BETWEEN IT AND THROAT PLATE TIGHT OR TACK WELD FRONT EDGE DOWN TO THROAT PLATE TO KEEP MATERIAL FROM GETTING BETWEEN THEM.

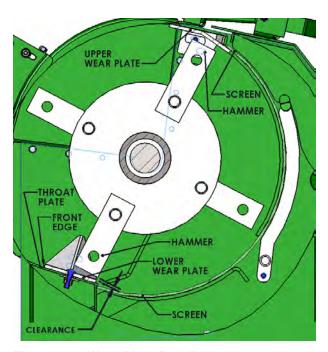


Figure 20 - Wear Plate Detail.

HAY RETARD BOLTS

The hay retard bolts will help maintain uniform feeding while grinding hay (see Figure 21). The degree of the retard is adjusted by loosening the lock nuts on each of the retard bolts, turning the bolts in (increase) or out (decrease) to the desired position. Secure the bolts by tightening the lock nuts.



Figure 21 - Hay Retard Bolts (A - Lock Nut; B - Adjustable Retard Bolt, 26 Inch Hammer Mill Shown).

HAMMER MILL SCREENS

Hammer Mill screens are available in sizes ranging from 1/8 inch up to 2 inch openings. The screen size needed will be determined by the material and degree of fineness desired. See your local dealer/representative for suggested screen size for your required particle/micron size.

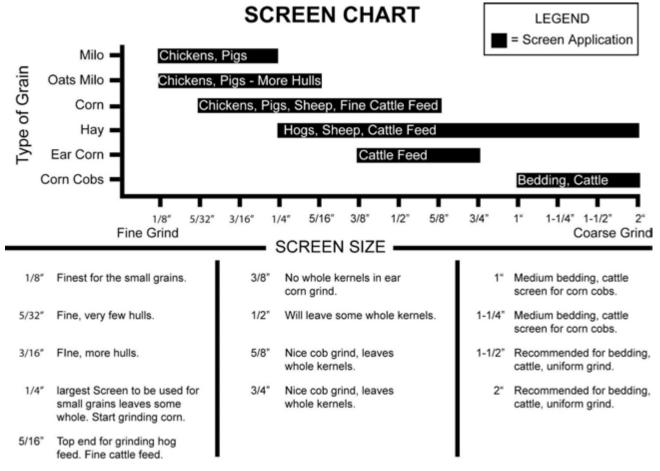


Table 2 - Screen Chart.

The Table showing the screen sizes may be used as a guide for grinding different types of food (see Table 2).

Do not use a finer screen than needed as this will require more power and reduce Mill capacity. Never grind wet corn or hay. This can cause auger problems during loading and unloading

CHANGING SCREENS



CAUTION: DISENGAGE ALL DRIVES, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND WAIT UNTIL HAMMER MILL HAS COMPLETELY STOPPED BEFORE INSTALLING OR CHANGING HAMMER MILL SCREENS.

Extra screens are carried in the screen rack located over the left fender.

To install or change the screen, open the Hammer Mill door and remove the screen with the hook provided (see Figure 22).



Figure 22 - Changing Screens.

The screen support rack will drop down to make the screen removal easier. Install the new screen. Close the Hammer Mill door and then replace the screen hook and locking pins (see Figure 23).



Figure 23 - Locking Pin and Latch on Hammer Mill Door.

PROCESSING HAY

If hay is to be ground, grind the grain first. Do not grind more than five bales of hay per tank until you are familiar with the results. Large amounts of hay or coarse ground hay can cause *bridging* in the tank and make it difficult to unload. If large quantities of hay are to be ground, run the hay straight through the machine without filling the tank.

<u>Note:</u> Be careful when running hay through the discharge as it can become tangled in the transition u-joint (see Figure 79). Check u-joint after operation.

PROCESSING WITHOUT MIXING

To grind any material without mixing, engage the unloading auger, open the tank unloading auger door and start the grinding operation.

The feed will be augered into the mixing tank cone and then out through the unloading augers without mixing. Position the unloading auger tube as needed to direct the feed.

ADDING CONCENTRATE OR SUPPLEMENT

Concentrate or supplement should be added to the ground feed through the supplement hopper located at the right rear corner of the grinder mixer (see Figure 24). A serrated sack cutter is located in the hopper opening. A grate is positioned below the sack cutter to keep the bag from falling into the auger.



CAUTION: KEEP HANDS AND FEET CLEAR OF AUGER. ALWAYS KEEP GRATE IN PLACE.

<u>Note:</u> For best results, add the concentrate or supplement before grinding operation. Do not

add ingredients to the supplement hopper while grinding, this will over load the auger.



Figure 24 - Supplement Hopper Located on Center Rear Right Hand Side of Machine

If micro-ingredients are to be added to the feed, the best results are obtained with a pre-mix, or by adding the supplements and micro-ingredients at the same time. If the micro-ingredients are desired without a pre-mix or other supplement, open the mixing tank lid and add the ingredients directly into the mixer. This should be done at the beginning of the operation. Make sure to close the lid before starting the operation. The supplement hopper lid should always be closed when not in use. If strong additives are not desired in the batch that follows, clean out the tank cone and unloading augers through the clean-out doors (see Figure 25).



CAUTION: DISENGAGE PTO, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET BEFORE OPENING OR CLOSING CLEAN-OUT DOOR.

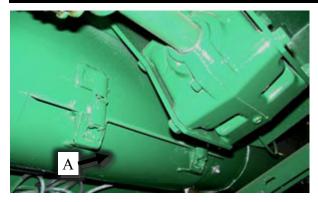


Figure 25 - Cleanout Door (A) Located Under Right Hand Side of Tank Assembly.

Located under the right hand side frame and tank assembly is a hinged door on the bottom of the auger trough. Release two spring clamps and allow door to drop. Keep away from the opening. Run the mixer slowly until the trough and the mixing tank are cleaned out. Keep all bystanders away from the machine.

Actual weights may vary due to material, moisture, and screen size. Ration weight is not included and is variable.

Window	Ground Oats	Ground Barley	Ground Milo	Ground Shelled	Ground Ear Corn	Un-ground Shelled
Position	22.5 lbs/bu	36 lbs/bu	56 lbs/bu	Corn 50 lbs/bu	38 lbs/bu	Corn 56 lbs/bu
Full	3777	6043	9400	8393	6378	9400
9	3554	5686	8845	7897	6002	8845
8	3302	5282	8217	7337	5576	8217
7	3047	4876	7585	6772	5147	7585
6	2768	4429	6890	6152	4676	6890
5	2528	4044	6291	5617	4269	6291
4	2287	3659	5692	5082	3862	5692
3	1985	3176	4941	4412	3353	4942
2	1744	2791	4342	3877	2947	4342
1	1504	2406	3743	3342	2540	3743

NOTE: * Above weights are approximate and are to be used as a guide only. Variations may occur due to test weight of grain, slope of machine, moisture content, or screen size. For best ration control use an electronic scale.

Table 3 - Approximate Calibration Capacity.

FILLING THE MIXER TANK

Make sure the mixing tank unloading door is closed. As the mixing tank is filling, watch the ground feed through the mixing tank windows. If the top window is covered, this does not mean the tank is full as the mixing auger throws material away from the center of the tank. Continue loading until the top window clears (feed drops) and then becomes covered again about half-way (see Figure 26). Stop feeding material into the processor at this point, but continue operating until the processor has had time to clear. Do not overload the mixer. An overload can cause damage to the machine. To estimate the number of bushels that are in the tank, refer to Table 3.

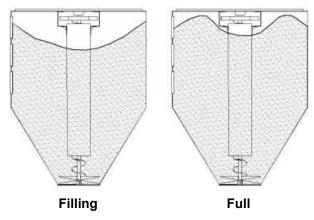


Figure 26 - Filling Pattern

For the best mixing results, always add lightweight bulky materials first. Always add high moisture corn or grain last. Excessive amounts of wet or bulky material may cause *bridging* in the mixing tank.

SPRING LOADED TANK LID



CAUTION: DISENGAGE ALL DRIVES, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET BEFORE OPENING MIXING TANK LID.

If the mixing tank is accidentally overfilled, it is equipped with a spring loaded tank lid (see Figure 27). The lid also allows access to the inside of the mixing tank. Keep the lid closed and latched at all times.



CAUTION: SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, REMOVE KEY, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND DISCONNECT PTO DRIVELINE BEFORE ENTERING TANK.



Figure 27 - Spring Loaded Tank Lid.

After the processing is completed and the desired ration is in the mixing tank, allow the mixer to operate until it is ready to unload. Run the mixer 2 to 3 minutes to ensure the feed and supplements have been thoroughly mixed.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Avoid sharp and unnecessary turns which may damage the PTO driveline during transport.

DISCHARGE AUGER POSITIONING

After mixing, the finished feed may be unloaded into storage bins, wagons, or feeders. Positioning (lift and swing) and drive of the unloading auger is controlled hydraulically.



Figure 28 - Unloading Auger Positioning (Shown in Upper 60° to -11° Configuration).

TRACTOR HYDRAULIC LIFT AND SWING

Connect six hydraulic hoses (eight if equipped with an Auger Feeder and not using the Selector Valve (see Figure 29)) with the appropriate male connectors to the tractor (hoses are marked with different colored zip ties to help with identification). Make sure the proper hoses are connected to the same tractor hydraulic circuit. Activate the appropriate tractor valve to lift the Discharge Auger, and then use the other hydraulic valve to swing the Discharge Auger to the desired position.

Hose Color Markings:

Discharge	Auger	Blue (2X)
Pressure		
Discharge Auger Ro	eturn	Blue (1X)
Discharge Cylinder	Red (2X)	
Discharge Cylinder Lower		Red (1X)
Discharge Swing Le	Yellow (2X)	
Discharge Swing R	Yellow (1X)	

TRACTOR HYDRAULIC SELECTOR VALVE

Hydraulic lift and swing is accomplished by using the tractor's hydraulic system valves. If a hydraulic Auger Feeder (and/or Roll Feeder) is present, a double selector valve (see Figure 29) is required to direct flow of the hydraulic fluid. The Discharge Auger or the Auger Feeder (and/or Roll Feeder) may either be operated independently, but not at the same time. Position the selector valve control "IN" to direct fluid to the Discharge Auger or "OUT" for the Auger Feeder (and/or Roll Feeder).

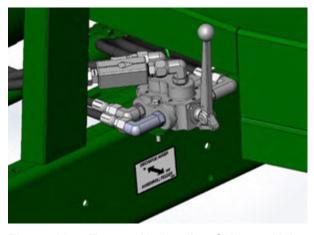


Figure 29 – Tractor Hydraulics Selector Valve (Lever Shown in the 'IN' Position – Discharge Auger).

TRACTOR HYDRAULIC DISCHARGE AUGER LIFT AND SWING ADJUSTMENT

Turning the flow control valves adjustment knobs changes the speed at which the lift cylinder raises or lowers the Discharge Auger and the rate at which the Discharge Auger swings left and right. See Figure 30 for which Flow Control Valve adjusts each function. Turning the knob clockwise restricts flow and slows the function. Conversely turning the knob counter-clockwise increases flow and speeds up the function.

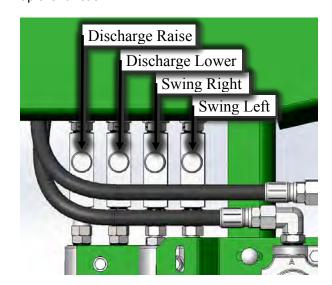


Figure 30 – Tractor Hydraulics Flow Control Valves (Shown with Selector Valve).

DISCHARGE GATE FUNCTION

When the discharge auger is in position to unload the tank the gate can be open or closed by an electric actuator (see Figure 31). The actuator is controlled by either a Control Box (Tractor Hydraulics (see Figure 32)) or the Complete Control Box System (see Figure 99) with Remote Control (Self-Contained Hydraulics (see Figure 101)).

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Be careful with finer ground or high moisture feed as it can stall out the Discharge Auger if the gate is open too far.



Figure 31 - Discharge Gate with Electric Actuator in Closed Position.

TRACTOR HYDRAULIC ACTUATOR CONTROL

The Actuator Control Box (see Figure 32) can be mounted in the tractor cab in a convenient location with the supplied parts. Connect the power as shown in Figure 33. Flipping the toggle switch up opens the gate and moving the switch down closes the gate.

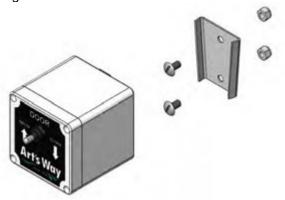


Figure 32 – Tractor Hydraulics Actuator Control Box and Mounting Parts.

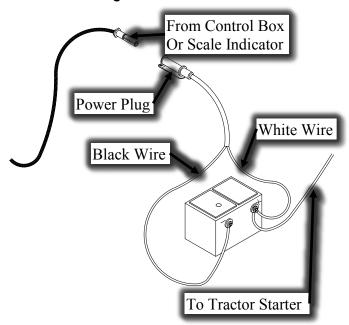


Figure 33 - 12-Volt System Power Wire Hookup to Battery.

ROLL FEED

The optional Roll Feeder operates in a similar fashion to the Auger Feeder. See HYDRAULIC ROLL FEED portion of the ATTACHMENTS section.

FOLDING AUGER EXTENSION

Optional extensions for the unloading auger include a 3 to 6 feet folding or bolt-on extension (see Figure 34). For discharge heights of the optional extensions (see Figure 35 and Table 4).

If the grinder mixer is equipped with a folding auger extension, make sure the outer auger drive cog is properly engaged and the extension tube is locked before engaging the Discharge Auger Drive.

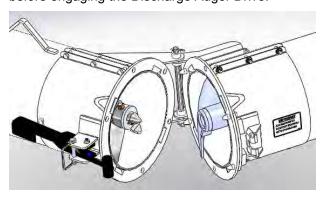


Figure 34 - Folding Auger Extension.

Unloading Auger Configuration	Tube & Elbow Combined Length (10 ft. /12 ft.)	Discharge at 46° High Angle Vertical Height (10 ft. /12 ft.)	Discharge at 60° High Angle Vertical Height (10 ft. /12 ft.)
Standard 10 ft. or 12 ft. Long Discharge Tube – No Extensions	11 ft. 5 in./13 ft. 5 in.	16 ft. 10 in./18 ft. 3 in.	18 ft. 6 in./ 20 ft. 3 in.
3 ft. Auger Extension	14 ft. 5 in./ 16 ft. 5 in.	19 ft. 0 in./ 20 ft. 5 in.	21 ft. 1 in./ 22 ft. 10 in.
6 ft. Auger Extension	17 ft. 5 in./ 19 ft. 5 in.	21 ft. 2 in./ 22 ft. 7 in.	23 ft. 8 in./ 25 ft. 5 in.

Table 4 - Unloading Auger Heights.

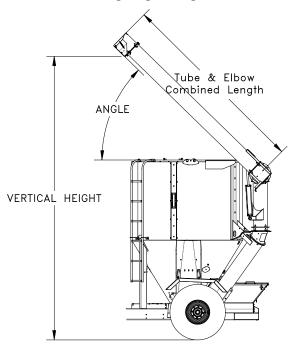


Figure 35 - Unloading Auger Heights (Refer to Table 4 for Detailed Heights.)

UNLOADING AUGER HOOD

When the unloading auger tube becomes overloaded, a spring loaded door opens on the end to prevent damage to the drive (see Figure 36).



Figure 36 - Unloading Auger Hood.

AUGER FEED OPERATION

NOTE: The grinder mixer may be equipped with a hydraulic auger feeder. The 7165 standard Auger Feeder utilizes a tube style auger for optimum loading of grains/supplements. The trough auger is an option that can be field installed for use with ear corn.



Figure 37 – Auger Feeder (Shown in Transport Position).

To position the Auger Feeder (see Figure 37 & 38), Remove the safety pin from the Auger Feeder rest. Crank the lifting jack to lift the Auger Feeder from the rest and swing outward to desired position. Crank the lift jack down to desired height.

To place Auger Feeder back in transport position do the reverse of above, and be sure to replace the safety pin before any transporting takes place (see Figure 37).



Figure 38 - Auger Feeder Operation.

When processing material, the grate must be left in position. If you must grind with the grate up, use extreme care and make sure to stay clear of the auger.



DANGER: TO PREVENT INJURY OR DEATH:

- KEEP GRATE IN PLACE WHILE IN OPERATION.
- KEEP HANDS AND FEET OUT OF HOPPER AREA. NEVER CLIMB ON OR OVER HOPPER.
- KEEP CHILDREN AND BYSTANDERS AWAY FROM MACHINE WHILE MACHINE IS IN OPERATION.

Make sure the auger feeder emergency shutoff handle (see Figure 43) will stop the auger feeder. Loosen the cable clamps to re-adjust if it does not.

The auger feeder swing brake prevents the auger from swinging. Tighten or loosen as desired (see Figure 39).

<u>NOTE:</u> If a more accurate reading is desired and the machine is equipped with an electronic scale, **DO NOT** allow the auger feeder to rest on the ground. Place it in the desired position and set the swing brake (see Figure 39).



Figure 39 - Auger Feeder Swing Brake.

AUGER FEED POSITIONER

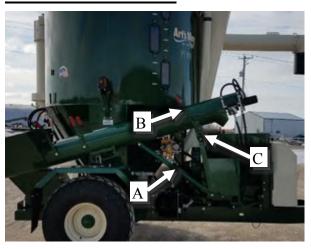


Figure 40 - Auger Feeder Positioner Adjustment (A – Lift Jack; B - Positioner Long Handle; C – Positioner Short Locking Handle).

The auger feeder is equipped with a unique patented feature called a positioner (see Figure 40). This positioner allows the hopper to be repositioned approximately 6 inches (see Figure 41) in or out (if the Transport Locking Plate is removed, see Figure 42) without having to move the tractor. To operate the positioner; hold the positioner long handle securely, release the short handle, reposition the auger feeder hopper under a spout or against a building, and then release the handles.

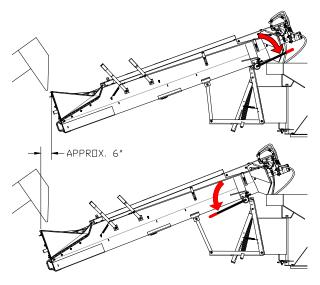


Figure 41 – Auger Feeder Positioner Operation (Ear Corn Auger Feeder Shown).

AUGER FEED POSITIONER LOCKING PLATE

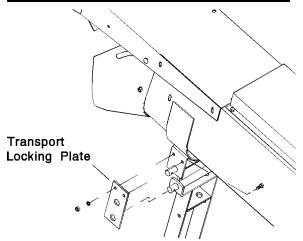


Figure 42 - Transport Locking Plate (Ear Corn Auger Feeder Shown).

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> The auger feeder is shipped with a transport locking plate (see Figure 42.) that locks the positioner (see Figure 40) in one position. If the positioner is to be used, this plate needs to be removed. But if the positioner is not needed, this plate can be kept in place to keep positioner from moving during transport of the grinder mixer.

AUGER FEED CONTROLS

Shut-Off handles are provided at the auger feeder hopper and at the flow control valve at the top of the auger feeder housing. To shut off the auger feeder, pull the handle towards the hopper end or move the flow control valve to off (see Figures 43 and 44).



Figure 43 - Hydraulic Auger Feeder Controls (Shown in ON/RUN Position): Throttle Controls (White Arrows) and Emergency Shutoff (Red Arrows).



Figure 44 - Hydraulic Auger Feeder Control - Shown in Full ON/RUN Position (See Arrow).

To start the auger feeder, the flow control handle is moved forward (clockwise, see Figure 44) or the handles (see Figure 43) located near the hopper until the desired speed is reached.

TRACTOR HYDRAULIC AUGER FEED CONTROLS

For the Tractor Hydraulic Auger Feeder a selector valve will be located to the left rear side of the processor. The handle on this valve must be "OUT" to divert the oil to the Auger Feeder. If the handle for the Selector Valve is "IN", oil flows to the Discharge Auger. (See Figure 45.)

If the hydraulic auger feeder is operated by tractor hydraulics on a separate circuit, there must be a minimum of 8 GPM flow and 1500 psi pressure available.

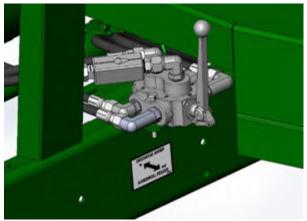


Figure 45 - Hydraulic Auger Feeder Selector Valve Lever is in the *IN* Position – Discharge Auger).

GRINDER MIXER ADJUSTMENTS



CAUTION: DO NOT MAKE ADJUSTMENTS WHILE MACHINE IS IN OPERATION AUGER/SUPPLEMENT.

DRIVE CHAIN ADJUSTMENTS

The Mill to mixer auger/supplement hopper drive chain and the discharge auger drive chain are tensioned with an idler sprocket (see Figure 46). Adjust the chain tension to 1/2 inch total deflection by positioning the idler sprocket.



Figure 46 - Mill To Mixer Auger Drive Chain.

MAIN DRIVE CHAIN

Adjust the tension of the main drive chain by doing the following steps (see Figure 47). Make sure the chain deflection is 1/2 inch total at the longest span.

- Loosen locking nut "A" (see Figure 47). Adjust nut "B" on j-bolt "C" to compress spring "D" increasing the tension of roller "E" (hidden behind chain) on chain.
- Adjust bolt "A" (Figure 47) until the proper chain deflection is achieved.
- Retighten locking nut "A".

NOTE: The chain should be checked and oiled daily.

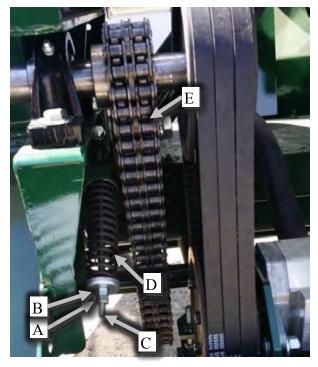


Figure 47 - Drive Chain Adjustment (Shield Removed for Clarity).

MAIN DRIVE BELTS

Belts on new machines have been properly tensioned at the factory. To re-tension the belts on a machine which has been in operation, do the steps that follow:

- Loosen locking nut "A" (see Figure 48).
- Adjust nut "B" on bolt "C" to compress spring "D" increasing the tension of roller "E" on belt.
- Place a scale at the midway point of the double V-belts on the pulleys.
- Adjust bolt "A" (Figure 48, Detail A) until 15 pounds of pull on the scale raises the top of one double V-belt approximately 1/4 inch above the top of the remaining belts (see Figure 50).
- All six pairs of belts should have the average of 1/4 inch deflection at 15 pounds.
- Retighten locking nut "A".

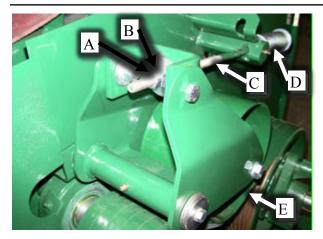


Figure 48 - Belt Tension Adjustment Idler - 1000 RPM Drive Shown (Shields Removed for Clarity).

If the proper tension cannot be attained in the procedure above, the position of the Front Jack Shaft Bearing will need to be adjusted. Loosen the tension on the belt from the idler as above. Then do the following (see Figure 49):

- · Loosen bolts "B" and locking nut "C".
- Adjust bolt "A" to tighten the belt making sure that the jack shaft stays parallel to Hammer Mill.
- Retighten locking nut "C" and bolts "B"
- Re-tension belts with Idler as above

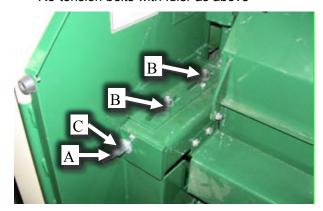


Figure 49 - Belt Tension Adjustment Bearing Mount.

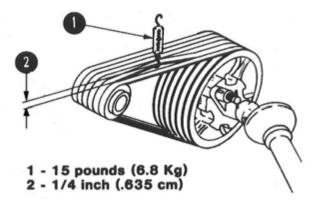


Figure 50 - Checking Belt Tension.

IMPORTANT: Proper alignment of the pulleys must be maintained when adjusting belt tension.

Belts should be checked periodically for proper tension and alignment, especially when the machine is new or when a new set of belts are installed (see Figure 51). During operation, if the drive belts are very hot or are smoking due to being loose, do not shut off the machine, but stop grinding and allow the Mill to continue to run for several minutes until the belts have cooled. After the belts have cooled, stop the machine to re-tension the belts.

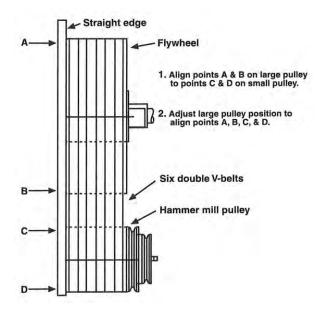


Figure 51 - Belt Pulley Alignment.

HAMMER MILL DOOR

To increase the Hammer Mill door pressure on the screen, adjust the length of the T-handle threaded end. Check the adjustment and tighten the locking nuts in place against the pivot block (see Figure 52).



Figure 52 - Hammer Mill Door Pressure.

HYDRAULIC SWING ADJUSTMENT

If any problem is encountered with the hydraulic swing adjustment drive, adjust and/or check as follows (see Figure 53):

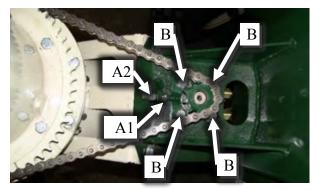


Figure 53 - Hydraulic Swing Adjustment (Shields Removed for Clarity).

- 1. Loosen the two tension nuts "A1" & "A2", and the four hydraulic motor bolts "B", and then remove the #60 chain.
- 2. Wrap the #60 chain completely around the 58 tooth sprocket. Inspect the chain, matching the sprocket teeth in the two areas where the sprocket is split. If the rollers on the chain do not seat into the root of the sprocket teeth, loosen the 6-bolts that hold the sprocket to the upper ring; holding the chain across the split areas, re-tighten the bolts so the chain properly seats into the sprocket teeth.
- 3. Tighten tension nut "A1" to set the proper tension on chain. Re-tighten the hydraulic motor bolts "B", and then check the alignment of the sprocket. If the sprocket is not aligned properly, loosen the set screws on the 10 tooth sprocket and re-align. Tighten tension nut "A2" to lock hydraulic motor in place.

SWIVEL STOP

An unloading auger swivel stop prevents the unloading auger from contacting the mixing tank when moved from the storage position (see Figure 54). Relocate the swivel stop so it makes contact with the bracket before the unloading auger contacts the tank.



Figure 54 - Hydraulic Swing Adjustment (Shields Removed for Clarity).

SWIVEL STOP ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the bolts holding the Lower Stop (see Figure 55). (Do not loosen the bolts for Upper Stop, it is fixed.) Adjust the Lower Stop so it makes contact with the Upper Stop when the Discharge Auger is in the Saddle.

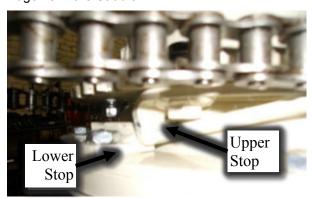


Figure 55 - Swivel Stop (Shield Removed for Clarity).

DISCHARGE AUGER DRIVE ADJUSTMENT

There is an upper and lower location for the Discharge Auger Drive chains (see Figure 56).



Figure 56 - Discharge Auger Drive Chain Locations (See Arrows).

If chain drive "A" (see Figure 57) for the Discharge Auger Drive becomes loose. Loosen the Hydraulic Motor bolts "B" holding the Hydraulic Motor. Then loosen nuts "C". Screw in bolts "D" equally until chain is tight. Retighten nuts to lock bolts in place. Retighten Hydraulic Motor bolts "B".

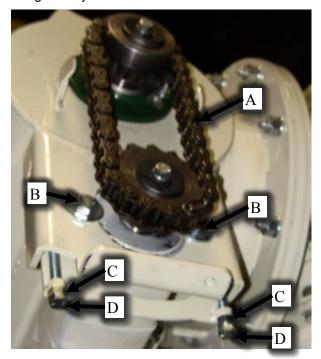


Figure 57 – Discharge Auger Drive Chain (Shield Removed for Clarity).

DISCHARGE AUGER HEIGHT SETTINGS

There is an upper 60° max. to -11° min. configuration (for unloading into high storage bins) and lower 46° max. to -27° min. configuration (for lower storage bins and feed troughs) for the Discharge Auger elevations.

NOTE: The 7165 is shipped from the factory in the upper configuration (see Figure 58).

If Discharge Auger needs to be changed to the lower configuration do the following steps (see Figures 58 & 59):

- 1. Rest Discharge Auger in Saddle.
- 2. Unpin Cylinder Clevis from Lug.
- 3. Unbolt Lug and Support Mount.
- 4. Move Support Mount to upper position.
- 5. Bolt parts back together as shown in Figure 58.
- 6. Reattach Cylinder Clevis with Pin.
- 7. Discharge is ready for operation.

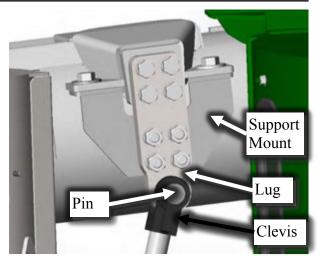


Figure 58– Upper Discharge Auger Configuration.

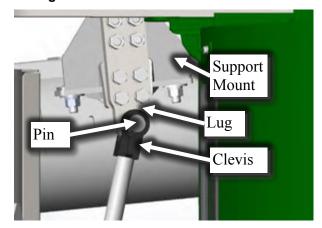


Figure 59 – Lower Discharge Auger Configuration.

OPEN AND CLOSED CENTER TRACTOR HYDRAULICS

As the standard, this machine is equipped for tractor "Open Center" hydraulic operation. If the operation of the Auger Feeder or Roll Feeder is to be with a tractor that is equipped with a "Closed Center" hydraulic system, a revision to the plumbing at the Flow Control Valve bypass should be made. Refer to the tractor operator's manual or consult your local tractor dealer to make sure which system the tractor is equipped with.

To convert to "Closed Center" hydraulic system, revise by removing the Tee that goes into the Flow Control Valve and replace it with a Plug (SAE -10 ORB) in the Flow Control Valve and connecting the two hose together with a Union (SAE -8 JIC) fitting (see Figure 60 & 61).

If the system has two control valves for the Auger Feeder and Roll Feeder, change only the Roll Feeder Flow Control Valve.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> When hydraulics are revised for "Closed Center" operation, do not use on a tractor with "Open Center" hydraulics.

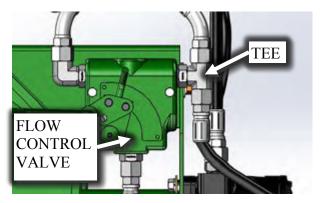


Figure 60 - Open Center Hydraulic System.

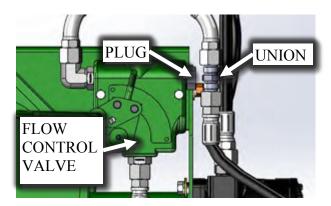


Figure 61 - Closed Center Hydraulic System.

WHEEL BEARINGS

Raise the frame and make sure it is blocked securely so the wheels may turn freely (make sure the opposite wheel is also blocked securely). To tighten the wheel bearing, remove the hub cap. Remove the cotter pin from the slotted nut and tighten the slotted nut while rotating the wheel. Loosen or back-off the nut to the nearest slot, insert and spread the cotter pin.

There should be a slight drag on the bearing following the adjustment. Replace the hub cap (see Figure 62).



Figure 62 - Wheel Bearing Adjustment.

LUBRICATION



CAUTION: SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND DISCONNECT IMPLEMENT INPUT DRIVELINE BEFORE LUBRICATING MACHINE.

The grinder mixer is designed to require a minimum amount of lubrication. The points that are to be lubricated should be serviced regularly at the specified intervals listed in this manual.

Keep your supply of lubricating oil and grease in clean containers and covered to protect them from dust and dirt.

Keep the lubricating gun nozzle clean and free from dirt at all times. Wipe all of the dirt from the grease fittings before lubricating them.

PTO DRIVELINE

Grease PTO sliding shafts every 20 hours. Zerk is located on the outer shaft and is accessible through cutout slots in spin shields (see Figure 63).



Figure 63 - PTO Driveline Shaft (See Arrow).

Grease the bearing crosses and plastic shaft bearings every 20 hours. The bearing cross zerk can be accessed through round hole in PTO spin shield (see Figure 64).

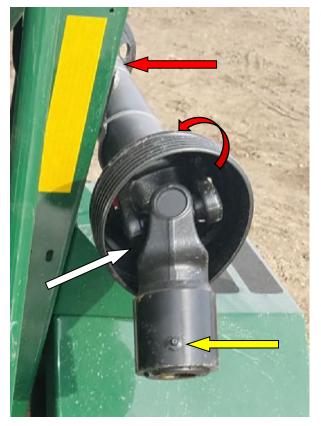


Figure 64 – PTO Driveline Cross Bearing (White Arrow), Plastic Shaft Bearings (Red Arrow) and Clutch (Yellow Arrow).

HAMMER MILL SHAFT BEARINGS

Grease the front and rear pillow block bearings (See Figure 65 and Figure 66) on the Hammer Mill cylinder shaft:

Light Use (1-14 loads/week):

1 pump every 30-40 hours of use or once a month.

Heavy Use (15-up loads/week):

1 pump every 20-30 hours of use or twice a month.

Grease with SAE Multi-Purpose type grease (NLGI 2 Grade Rating with minimum viscosity of 500 SUS at 100°F). (High Speed/Temp also acceptable)

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> Over greasing of the Hammer Mill Cylinder Shaft Bearings can cause pre-mature failures.

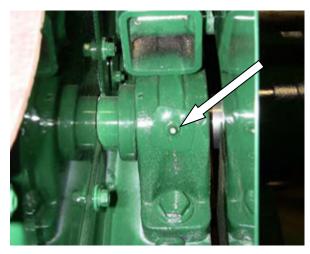


Figure 65 – Front Cylinder Shaft Bearing (See Arrow) (Shields Removed for Clarity).

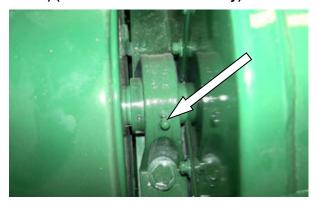


Figure 66 – Rear Cylinder Shaft Bearing (See Arrow) (Shields Removed for Clarity).

DRIVE BELT IDLER TENSIONER

Grease the pivot shaft and rod guide periodically (see Figure 67, arrows).

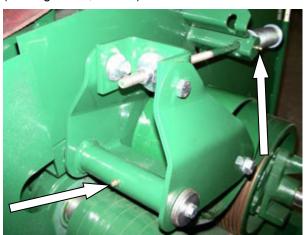


Figure 67 – Drive Belt Idler Tensioner (Shield Open for Clarity).

HAMMER MILL ENGAGING PIN

Periodically oil the sliding pin that engages the large Hammer Mill drive pulley. Use light engine oil for lubrication (see Figure 68).



Figure 68 – Hammer Mill Engaging Pin (Shields Removed for Clarity).

DRIVE SHAFT BEARINGS

Grease the pillow block bearings on the front and rear bearings on the Hammer Mill jack shaft using the Remote Greasing Block (see Figure 69 & 70). Pump grease into Remote Block at a rate of two pumps (hand powered grease gun) twice per 8 hours of operation. The Remote Block will distribute the appropriate amount of grease to the Jackshaft bearings and lower drive shaft bearings (see Figure 71 & 72). Use SAE multi-purpose type grease for these lubrications.



Figure 69 - Remote Greasing block.



Figure 70 - Jack Shaft Front and Rear Bearings. Greased via the Remote Grease Block in Figure 69.

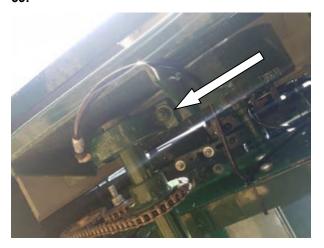


Figure 71 - Mixer Drive Shaft Bearing, Front.

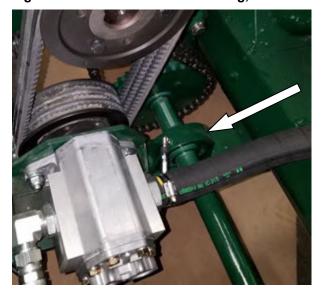


Figure 72 - Mixer Drive Shaft Bearing, Rear (Shield Removed for Clarity).

CHAINS

Chains should be lubricated at frequent intervals. Apply light engine oil to the chain. Oil the chain on the inside located in the upper side of lower the strand (see Figure 73).

The chains should also be cleaned regularly. Remove the chains and dip or soak them in kerosene or parts cleaning solvent. Once the chains have been cleaned, dry and oil them thoroughly.

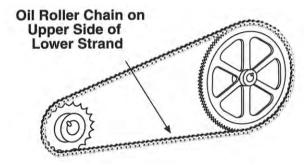


Figure 73 - Oiling Roller Chains.

The split end of the chain clip must face the direction opposite of the chain travel. Make sure the clip is properly seated in the groove on the ends of the pin (see Figure 74).

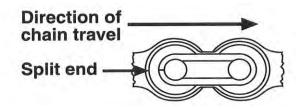


Figure 74 - Chain Spring Clip.

GEARBOX

Make sure to check the oil level of the gearbox at the base of the mixing tank every 24 hours of operation by removing the check plug on the side of the gearbox. Add SAE 80W90 weight gear oil if necessary and until oil runs out of the check hole (see Figure 75).

Change the oil after the first 50 hours of operation. Routine oil change intervals will vary depending on the severity of the environment. Normal changes should occur between 250 and 1000 hours of operation. The longest life at continuous service will be realized when the oil temperature does not exceed 200° F.

IMPORTANT: Do not overfill.

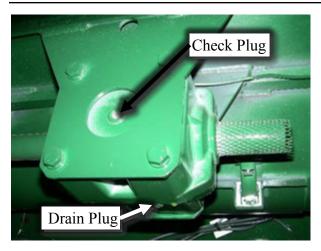


Figure 75 - Gearbox Lubrication.

Grease upper gearbox bearing weekly or every 10 hours of operation with SAE multi-purpose type grease, through remote grease zerk located on rear base housing of mixer (see Figure 76).

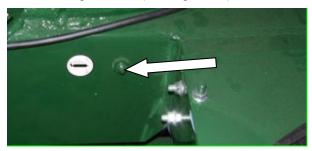


Figure 76 - Gearbox Lubrication Upper Bearing Remote Location (next to Supplement Hopper).

LOWER VERTICAL MIXING AUGER

Refill the grease seal at the bottom of the vertical mixing auger every six months to a year with SAE multi-purpose type grease. This is to reduce the amount of feed to pack underneath the mixing auger (this location is not a bearing). Access to this fitting can be gained through the clean-out door in the mixing tank cone, below the large bottom flight of the mixing auger (see Figure 77).

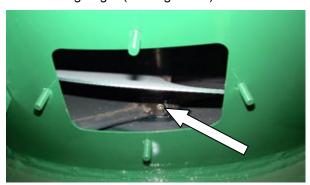


Figure 77 - Clean-Out Door in Mixing Tank Cone and Grease Zerk for Seal at Bottom of Vertical Mixing Auger (Door Removed for Clarity).

UPPER VERTICAL MIXING AUGER

Grease the upper vertical mixing auger bearing weekly or every 10 hours of operation with SAE multi-purpose type grease. Access to this bearing can be gained through the top of the mixing tank (see Figure 78).



Figure 78 – Upper Vertical Mixing Auger Bearing (Door Open for Clarity).

DISCHARGE U-JOINT

Grease the Discharge U-Joint weekly or every 10 hours of operation with SAE multi-purpose type grease. Access to this u-joint can be gained through the transition door (see Figure 79). There are two lube points on u-joint. *Note there is a third zerk in one of the yokes that is just a spare zerk.*



Figure 79 – Discharge U-Joint (Door Open for Clarity).

DISCHARGE PIVOT PIN

Lubricate the Discharge Pivot Pin periodically with light machine oil (see Figure 80).

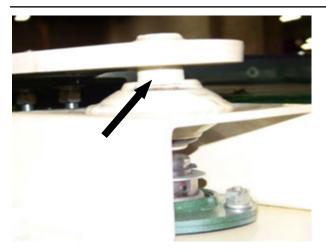


Figure 80 – Discharge Pivot Pin.

WHEELS

Remove, clean, and repack the wheel bearings once a year or every 100 hours of operation using SAE multi-purpose type grease (See Figure 81).



Figure 81 - Wheel Bearing Lubrication.

SERVICE

TORQUE SPECIFICATIONS



CAUTION: DISENGAGE ALL DRIVES, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND DISCONNECT PTO DRIVELINE PRIOR TO SERVICING GRINDER MIXER.

When performing service on the grinder mixer and its components, take time to use and comply with the torque specification guide. (Refer to Table 5.)

Size	Clamp Load	Plain GR 5	Plated GR 5
1/4 – 20 (.250)	2,025	8 ft. lbs.	76 in. lbs.
5/16 – 18 (.3125)	3,338	17 ft. lbs.	13 ft. lbs.
3/8 – 16 (.375)	4,950	31 ft. lbs.	23 ft. lbs.
7/16 – 14 (.4375)	6,788	50 ft. lbs.	37 ft. lbs.
1/2 – 13 (.500)	9,075	76 ft. lbs.	57 ft. lbs.
9/16 – 12 (.5625)	11,625	109 ft. lbs.	82 ft. lbs.
5/8 – 11 (.625)	14,400	150 ft. lbs.	112 ft. lbs.
3/4 - 10 (.750)	21,300	266 ft. lbs.	200 ft. lbs.
7/8 – 9 (.875)	29,475	430 ft. lbs.	322 ft. lbs.
1 – 8 (1.00)	38,625	644 ft. lbs.	483 ft. lbs.
1-1/8 – 7 (1.125)	42,375	794 ft. lbs.	596 ft. lbs.

Table 5 - Torque Specification Guide for Grade 5 Bolts.

SHEAR BOLTS



WARNING: SHEAR BOLTS MAKE LOUD NOISES WHEN SHEARED. IMMEDIATELY SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE AND DETERMINE CAUSE OF SHEARING BEFORE RESTARTING.

Shear bolts will make a loud noise when they shear. This is your warning to turn off the tractor ignition immediately and determine the cause of the shear.

When replacing sheared bolts, always tighten them securely using lock nuts. The shear bolts must be the correct hardness to ensure safety (see Figure 82).

<u>Warning:</u> using a harder bolt in a shear bolt location can cause damage to vital and more expensive drive components.

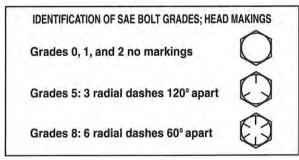


Figure 82 - SAE Bolt Identification.

SPROCKET AND CHAIN ALIGNMENT

Make sure the sprockets are in line with the shafts (see Figure 83 & 84). If the sprockets are not aligned a sideways pull will develop and will concentrate the load on sides of the sprocket teeth and on the side of the chain (See Figure 85). This faulty alignment will result on excessive wear on both the chain and sprockets.

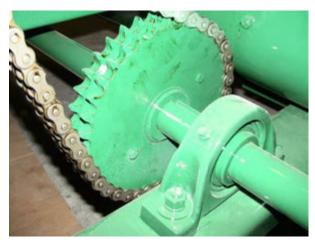


Figure 83 - Mixer Sprocket (Shields Removed for Clarity).



Figure 84 - Mill to Mixer Sprocket (Shields Removed for Clarity).

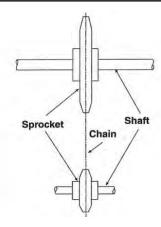
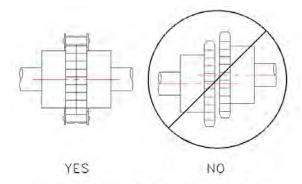


Figure 85 - Sprocket Alignment.

Adjust mounting of main drive bearings (see Figures 71 & 72) so that the sprocket on the mixing auger shaft and sprocket on the gearbox are running on center. Tighten bearing bolts. Run grinder mixer slowly and observe the mixing auger shaft. If shaft is in need of further adjustment to better align sprockets; for position of the sprockets (see Figure 86). Excessive wear of chain and sprockets will result if sprockets are not centered properly.



CENTER SHOULD BE VIEWED FROM TOP AND SIDE OF SPROCKETS.

Figure 86- Gearbox Coupler Sprocket Alignment.

REPLACEMENT OF WORN OR DAMAGED HAMMERS

Hammers must be replaced in pairs to maintain proper balance. This is accomplished by replacing the hammers opposite of each other (180 degrees apart) using a matched pair.

REVERSING THE HAMMERS



CAUTION: SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, DISENGAGE ALL DRIVES, WAIT TILL ROTATING PARTS HAVE COMPLETELY STOPPED BEFORE OPENNING HAMMER MILL OPENING HAMMER MILL DOOR.

There are four rows of hammers in the rotor assembly with a total of 96 Hammers on a 26 inch Hammer Mill (see Figure 87 and 88). The hammers are reversible, but make sure to always replace the hammers and spacers in the exact sequence in which they were removed. This will preserve the balance of these specially matched units. All four corners can be used on each hammer.

STANDARD SPACING FOR 96 HAMMERS

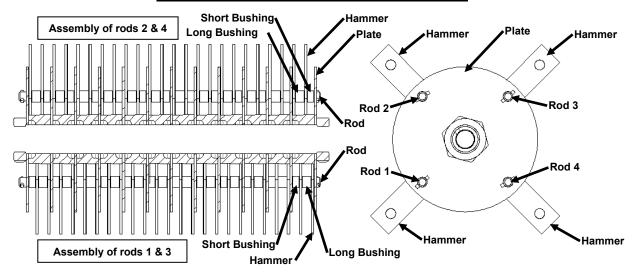


Figure 87 - Proper Hammer Spacing for 96 Hammers (26 Inch Hammer Mill).

ALTERNATE SPACING FOR 96 HAMMERS

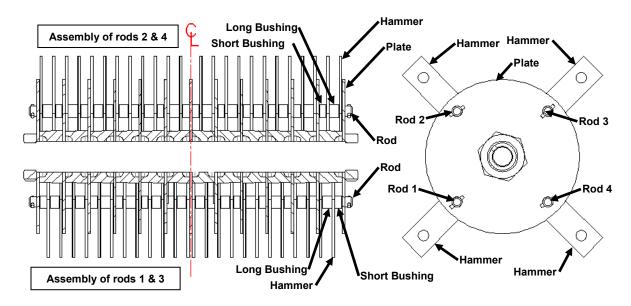


Figure 88 - Alternate Hammer Spacing for 96 Hammers (26 Inch Hammer Mill).

To remove the hammers, remove the bolts from the side of the mill and round plate (see Figure 89 and Figure 90). Release the tension on belt idler roller to allow access to removal hole (Figure 91). Remove the pins from each end of the rod and pull the rods outward making sure the hammers are put back in the same place from which they were removed.

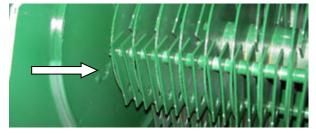


Figure 89 - Hammer Removal inside Hammer Mill, Hole to Remove Hammer Mill Rods (Shields Removed for Clarity).

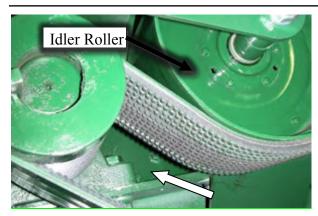


Figure 90 – Hammer Mill Removal Hole, Plate to Be Removed (Shields Removed for Clarity).

MAIN DRIVE BELT REPLACEMENT

To remove the drive belts, relieve tension applied to drive belts by idler roller. Loosen nuts that control spring tension (see Figure 91). If belts still cannot be removed loosen the bolts holding bearing (see



Figure 92, Detail B). Then relieve the belt tension by loosening the bolt (see Figure 92, Detail A) and move bearing mount and sheave.



Figure 91 – Belt Replacement - Idler Roller (Shields Removed for Clarity).

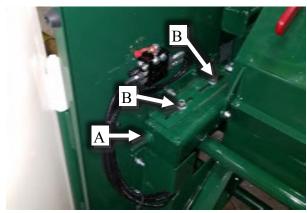


Figure 92 - Belt Replacement - Drive Sheave and Bearing Mount.

After the belts are no longer in tension, remove the belts and replace them with the new set and continue as described in **GRINDER MIXER ADJUSTMENTS - Main Drive Belts**. Make sure to realign the pulley and the sheave.

WEAR PLATE REPLACEMENT



WARNING: IMMEDIATELY SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE IF HAMMERS MAKE LOUD BANGING NOISES AND DETERMINE CAUSE OF NOISE BEFORE RESTARTING.

There are two replaceable wear plates in the 7165 Hammer Mill (see Figure 93 & 94).

<u>Upper Wear Plate:</u> Unscrew the 4-bolts (2 on each side) that hold it in place, then remove the hood and slide the wear plate out toward the throat of the Hammer Mill.

To replace the wear plate, slide it in making sure that it is fully seated. Check dimensions shown (+/-1/16"). If not fully seating then remove it and clear any obstructing material. Make sure the Hammers do not hit the wear plate before operating the Hammer Mill.

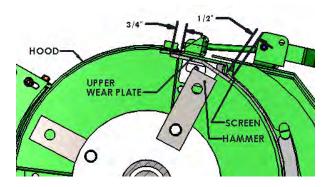


Figure 93 – Upper Wear Plate Detail

Note: The lower wear plate is reversible.

A

DANGER: TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO HAMMER MILL:

- 1. KEEP MATERIAL FROM BUILDING UP UNDER WEAR PLATE AND FORCING IT UP INTO HAMMERS BY MAKING SURE THAT FRONT EDGE OF LOWER WEAR PLATE IS TIGHT UP AGAINST THROAT PLATE.
- 2. KEEP WEAR PLATE BOLTS TIGHT AND/OR PLACE TACK WELDS ALONG FRONT EDGE TO HOLD LOWER WEAR PLATE TIGHT TO THROAT PLATE.
- IF LOWER WEAR PLATE IS EVER MOVED OR REPLACED, MAKE SURE THERE IS NO GAP BETWEEN IT AND THROAT PLATE. BOLT LOWER WEAR PLATE TIGHT OR TACK WELD FRONT **EDGE** DOWN **PLATE** TO THROAT **KEEP** MATERIAL FROM **GETTING** BETWEEN THEM.

<u>Lower Wear Plate:</u> Unscrew the bolts (2-each on side and 3-each center of wear plate or 3-welds along front edge) holding the lower wear plate in

place and/or grind any welds holding the front edge down to the throat plate (see Figure 94).

To replace the wear plate, slide it in making sure that it is fully seated. It must be tight against the throat plate with no gap along the front edge for material to get between. Clean any material out that could cause problems. Make sure that the Hammers do not hit the wear plate (there should be a minimum of 1/32" clearance). Moving the lower wear plate in or out will only change the clearance to the Hammers by approximately 1/16" (see Figure 94). Weld front edge down or bolt center down so there is no gap with throat plate. Make sure the Hammers do not hit the wear plate before operating the Hammer Mill.

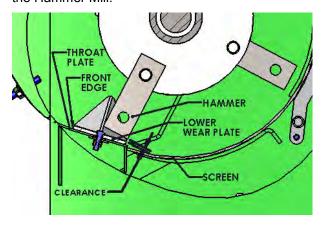


Figure 94 – Lower Wear Plate Detail

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The majority of difficulties are caused by improper adjustments. When you encounter trouble, perform a systematic check of all possible adjustments using the chart that follows. If difficulties cannot be corrected by making the adjustments that follow, consult your local Art's Way authorized dealer for further assistance.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY	
PTO driveline is hard to telescope and hard to connect	Shafts are twisted due to overloading of the Mill	Replace PTO driveline if necessary, louniformly, and adjust belts to prevent slippi (1000 rpm recommended over 100 hp)	
	Lack of grease on the sliding halves	Lubricate as necessary	
Mill vibrates excessively while in operation	PTO driveline is not properly aligned	Front of grinder main shield must be parallel tractor axle	
	PTO driveline is bent	Replace the PTO driveline	
	Missing and/or broken Hammers	Replace the Hammers (in pairs)	
	Tractor drawbar is not adjusted properly	Adjust the tractor drawbar (Refer to Figure 12.)	
Excessive noise when turning the mixer while it is in operation	Turning the mixer too sharply	Avoid sharp turns	
Low volume from Hammer Mill	Hammer Mill is not operating at optimum speed	Before grinding, set tractor throttle to rated PT0 speed (540 or 1000 rpm)	
	Hammer Mill screens and/or Hammers are worn	Reverse and/or replace the screens and Hammers if necessary	
	Hammer Mill is not level	Find level surface if at all possible	
	Mill drive belts are slipping	Adjust the drive belts (Refer to Figures 48-50)	
Tractor engine RPM falls below the rated PTO speed while grinding	Adding too much feed to the mixer	Reduce flow of material to the Mill	
Tated 1 10 speed write grinding	Screen size is too small	Increase the screen size	
	Feed gate is too high	Lower the feed gate	
	Drive belts are too loose	Adjust the drive belts (Refer to Figures 48-50)	
Drive belt squeals when the Mill is engaged	Drive belts are too loose	Tighten the drive belts	
Drive belts show excessive wear	Belts are out of alignment	Align the pulleys	
	Belts are slipping	Adjust the drive belts (Refer to Figures 48-50)	
Material bridges in the tank	High moisture content ear corn or too much hay is being ground	Grind high moisture ear corn last or run straight through tank	
		Use a smaller screen or add more grain with hay	
Feed roll will not draw hay slice into the	Feed roll is too low	Raise the feed roll	
Mill		Adjust the hay retard bolts	

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY	
Mill will run but the mixing auger does not run	Bolt(s) sheared in the drive	Repair the cause of the bolt(s) shearing and replace bolt(s)	
Discharge auger running, but the feed is not unloading	Mixer tank gate is closed	Open the mixer tank gate	
is not unloading	Gate actuator is not working	See next	
Gate actuator is not working	Fuse is blown in control box	Replace fuse	
	Wire disconnected to actuator	Reconnect or repair wires	
	No power to control box	Reconnect to tractor power supple	
	Actuator is bad	Replace actuator	
Discharge auger will not engage	Discharge auger drive chain(s) broken or slipping	Replace and/or retighten chain(s)	
	Selector valve is not positioned correctly	Change the position of the selector valve (in for Discharge Auger)	
	Discharge auger drive hydraulic motor(s) not working	Check hydraulic system	
Discharge auger slows down or stalls	Feed overloading discharge auger	Lower gate to reduce feed flow to rate discharge auger can handle	
	Reduced hydraulic fluid flow to motors	Increase hydraulic fluid flow (GPM) to motors	
Discharge auger jerks when it is raised or lowered	Excessive hydraulic flow rate to lift cylinder	ft Adjust the flow rate with the Flow Contro Valves	
	Air in hydraulic line or cylinder	Run grinder mixer at low rpm 5-10 minutes. During this time, activate discharge lift cylinder to ensure that air is removed from system	
	UHMW washers in joint worn or damaged	Replace UHMW washers in joint	
Discharge auger raises and lowers too slowly	Incorrect hydraulic flow rate to the lift cylinder	Adjust the flow rate with the Flow Control Valves	
	Air in hydraulic lines	Run grinder mixer at low rpm 5-10 minutes. During this time, activate discharge lift cylinder to ensure that air is removed from system	
Auger feeder stops when the Mill is engaged	Hydraulic flow control valve is disengaged	Engage the flow control valve	
	Selector valve is not positioned correctly	Change the position of the selector valve (out for auger feeder)	

NOTE: SELF-CONTAINED TROUBLE SHOOTING STARTS ON PAGE 58.

SELF-CONTAINED: INTRODUCTION

This section of the manual has been prepared to acquaint you with the proper operation, adjustment, lubrication, and service of the 7165 with self-contained hydraulics. Take time to read and understand both this manual and efficient operation of your portable unit. The best insurance from an accident is a careful and knowledgeable operator.

<u>Note:</u> Some pictorials used show guards and shields removed for easy identification. Be sure that all shields and guards are in place before operating. These are for your protection.

The self-contained hydraulic system features a hydraulically driven discharge positioning lift and swing, and an auger feeder. Also available are electric linear actuator used to operate the discharge door. All controls, except for the auger feeder control valve, are within easy access to the operator by remote control. The remote control system consists of two components: the ergonomically designed macro-remote control

device and the equipment mounted control box and receiver module.

This system can be used with any tractor that can maintain a rated PTO speed when grinding. There is no hydraulic connection between the mixer and the tractor, the must also provide a minimum of 12-15 volts DC and 30 amperes to operate the electrical activated flow control valve and linear actuator.



WARNING: BECAUSE OPERATOR IS ALLOWED TO OPERATE SYSTEM WITHOUT LEAVING TRACTOR, SPECIAL CARE IS NEEDED TO AVOID INJURY OR DAMAGE. WHEN LOCATING DISCHARGE TUBE INTO POSITION, STAY CLEAR OF OVERHEAD POWER LINES, FARM BUILDINGS AND ANYONE IN AREA.

SELF-CONTAINED: PREPARING FOR OPERATION

Prepare the grinder mixer and tractor as instructed in the grinder mixer sections of this manual. Additional preparation is needed to operate the self-contained option.



WARNING: DISENGAGE PTO, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET BEFORE PREPARING TRACTOR AND GRINDER MIXER FOR OPERATION.

Preparing the Tractor

The tractor must be equipped with a 1000 or 540 rpm PTO to match the grinder mixer. Make sure the proper PTO is used.

Connect the power cord to a suitable 12 VDC power supply. The tractor must be able to provide 12-15 volts DC and 10 amperes to operate the electrical activated control valve. The Complete Control Box (see Figure 99) is equipped with a 30 amp fuse. See figure 95 for direct connection with the power plug to the battery.

<u>Note:</u> The electrical system of the tractor must be in good working order. If voltage of less than 12.0 volts DC is provided to the actuator or solenoids on hydraulic control valves, the system will not operate properly.

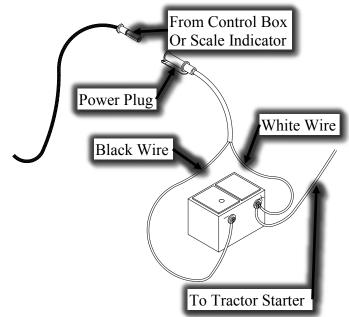


Figure 95 - 12-Volt System power wire hookup to battery

<u>Note:</u> The Control Box power cord can be wired into Scale Box power connector or 7165 7-Pin Light Harness Plug.

PREPARING THE GRINDER MIXER

Electrical Components

Linear Actuator is shipped in Supplement Hopper. Install Actuator base end to the brackets located on the Diagonal Discharge Tube and rod end to the Tabs on the Discharge Gate (see Figure 96). Connect Wire Coupler to coupler on actuator. Apply silicon sealant to the threads of the Plastic Indicator Tube and screw it onto the left side threaded stud on the Discharge Gate.

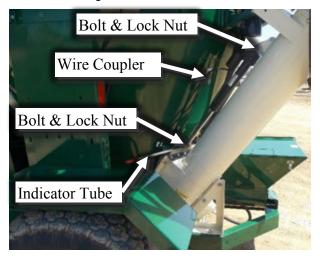


Figure 96 - Actuator installation (shown with the gate in the open position).

Activate the electric linear actuator to open and close discharge gate. It will ratchet when actuator is fully retracted at this point the gate should be fully opened.

The actuator can be limited in travel by the use of cylinder stops. This will allow for more consistent opening when metering of the flow is needed.

An onboard hydraulic oil cooler is powered by the tractor's electrical (12V) system. This allows oil to be regulated to the same temperature to maintain consistent hydraulic oil temps.



WARNING: TO PREVENT INJURY OR ACCIDENT PLEASE BE AWARE THAT LOADS CONNECTED TO RECEIVER MAY BE CYCLED ON AND OFF DURING PROGRAMING PROCESS AND SHOULD BE DISCONNECTED FIRST.

REMOTE CONTROL & RECEIVER SETUP

The Remote Control is has a 9-button sealed membrane keypad, a red diagnostics LED and a green transmit LED. The green LED indicator flashes rapidly whenever there is communication between the Remote Control and the Receiver. The red LED indicator starts blinking once every second when the battery voltage is low and requires

replacement. It also blinks when there is a problem with the system in the form of an error code. Refer to the ERROR CODE CHART in the SELF CONTAINED: TROUBLE SHOOTING portion of this manual for more information.

NOTE: An internal rechargeable lithium ion battery supplies power for the Macro-Remote Control (Figure 97).

NOTE: How often the Remote Control is used and how long it is used each time determine the operating life of the battery. To conserve battery power, it is designed to shut off (sleep) after 15 minutes if no buttons are pressed. To check for low battery, turn the Receiver off and leave the Remote Control on. If the Remote Control red LED continues to blink, the battery is low and requires replacement. If the red LED blinks only when the Receiver is on, count the number of blinks and refer to the ERROR CODE CHART.

The Remote Control (see Figure 97) is shipped with all button functions in momentary mode and already synchronized with the Receiver (see Figure 98).

DISCHARGE START/STOP BUTTON LATCHING MODE

To set Discharge Start/Stop button to latching mode the remote must be in configuration mode. Remove the cover from the Receiver so the LED's are clearly visible (see Figure 98).

- 1. Disconnect power to the Receiver.
- 2. Turn power on Remote Control (POWER button Figure 97).
- 3. Simultaneously push buttons #1, #4, & #8 (see Figure 97).
- The Red LED should be flashing on the Remote Control.
- Reconnect power to the Receiver before proceeding.
- 6. Push button #8 (Discharge Auger Start/Stop) (see Figure 97).
- Wait for confirmation by a 1 second flash of green LED on Remote Control.
- 8. Press and release the POWER button to send these settings to the Receiver.
- 9. The Receiver will indicate it has learned this by 4 short flashes of its red LED.

NOTE: If the Receiver does not show the 4 short flashes after pressing the POWER button (to send settings to Receiver) as specified above, it has not learned that setting. It will default to the previous setting. For best results, allow about 3 seconds

between pushing the #8 button and pressing the POWER (send) button.

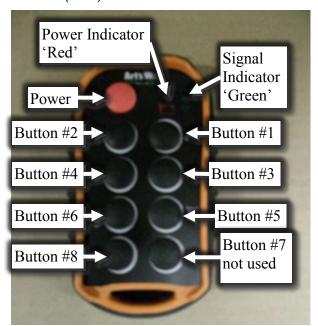


Figure 97 – Macro-Wireless Remote Control Device Button Programming (for Functions see Figure 100).

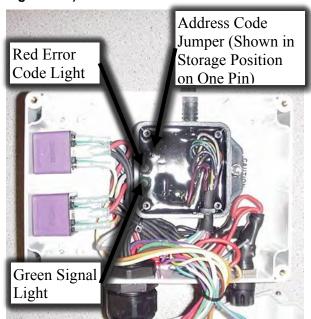


Figure 98 – Receiver in Complete Control Box with Covers Removed.

NOTE: Each Remote Control is preprogrammed with a unique radio ID code. The Receiver is programmed to respond only to the Remote Control with the ID code for which it is set. Only one Remote Control at a time can be synchronized to the Receiver. This feature allows multiple systems to work in close proximity to one another without interference. In the event that a Remote Control becomes damaged and a new one is needed or the two are not synchronized, the Receiver can be

reprogrammed to respond to the new Remote Control.

SYNCHRONIZING RECEIVER TO REMOTE CONTROL

If the Remote Control needs to be synchronized to the Receiver do the following:

- 1. Remove the cover from both the Complete Control Box and the integrated Receiver (see Figure 98).
- 2. Apply power to the Receiver.
- Place the jumper across the both address code pins inside the Receiver (see Figure 98). Both green and red lights will toggle inside the Receiver.
- 4. Remove the jumper and store it back on one pin.
- On the Remote Control press and hold the POWER button, button #1, & button #8 (see Figure 97). At this point, both lights will blink on the Remote Control transmitter.
- 6. Release the POWER button and wait for 1 second or until the green and red lights stop toggling in the Receiver.
- 7. Release buttons #1 & button #8.
- Synchronizing is complete.
 (Test remote, if not synced, go back and start over at step 1.)
- 9. Replace the cover on the Receiver.

RESETTING REMOTE CONTROL SLEEP/SHUTOFF TIME

To set the Sleep/Shutoff time of the Remote Control, do the following:

- 1. With the Remote Control power off press and hold buttons #3, #4, and #8 and then POWER (see Figure 97).
- 2. Release all the buttons. At this point both lights will blink once per second.
- 3. Press one of the following buttons to set the sleep time:
 - a. #1 = 15 minutes
 - b. #2 = 30 minutes
 - c. #3 = 1 hour
 - d. #4 = 2 hours
 - e. #8 = sleep disabled
- 4. Sleep time programming complete.



Figure 99 – Complete Control Box with Internal Receiver as Backup Remote Control Box Mounted on Left Rear Side of Mixer Tank (for Functions see Figure 104).

NOTE: Complete Control Box with internal Receiver can be run from tractor with an optional 20' extension harness.

COMPLETE CONTROL BOX AS BACKUP REMOTE CONTROL BOX

7165 Grinder Mixer units equipped with the Complete Control Box (see Figure 99) need to flip the **Mode Switch** at the lower left hand corner of the box (see Figure 100) to change control mode settings. Flip the switch to the **Left** for **Remote** control and to the **Right** to run the hydraulics **Manually** from the box.

Switch flipped to **Manual** will shut-off power to **Receiver** in the Complete Control Box.

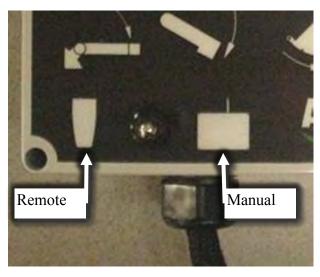


Figure 100 – Mode Switch operation settings for Complete Control Box with Internal Receiver.

HYDRAULIC COMPONENTS

Check all connections and fittings for oil leaks.

Check oil level in reservoir. Oil level should be maintained 2-3 inches below top of reservoir.

Run grinder mixer at low rpm 5-10 minutes. During this time, activate all hydraulic motors and cylinders (discharge, lift & swing, auger feeder, and roll feed) to ensure that air is removed from system.

Adjustable flow control valves to control the rate of swing are located in hydraulic control valve. For faster swing, turn control screw out. Set both valves at approximately the same setting. (See Self Contained: Operation – Discharge Auger Swing Adjustment.)

Adjustable flow control valve to control the rate of lift and drop of the discharge auger is located in hydraulic control valve. For slower lift, turn control screw in. (See Self Contained: Operation – Discharge Auger Lift Cylinder Adjustment.)

Set the pressure relief bypass in valve bank to protect the discharge auger from damage if it contacts an obstacle. (See Self Contained: Operation – Discharge Auger Lift Cylinder and Swing Pressure Relief Adjustment.)

Recheck all hydraulic connections and fitting for leaks.

Recheck oil level reservoir.

SELF-CONTAINED: OPERATION

CAUTION: ALWAYS OPERATE PTO AT SPEED FOR WHICH MACHINE IS EQUIPED: 1000 RPM. NOTE SPEED DECAL ON FRONT SHIELD.

The grinder mixer should be run at a slow idle for a few minutes when the temperature drops below 0° F to allow the hydraulic oil to warm up.

For information on operating the auger feeder and roll feed, if your machine is so equipped, see the "Operation of Grinder Mixer" section, and "Attachments" section.

All discharge operations (lift, swing, gate, and discharge auger) of the grinder mixer, except for the auger feeder, are functions of the hydraulic control valve. The control valve is electrically activated from a Wireless Remote Control device (see Figure 101) which transmits a signal to the Receiver in the Complete Control Box (see Figure 103), which electrically activates the valves of the Electro-Hydraulic Valve Bank (see Figure 105).

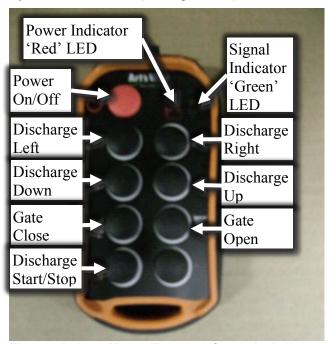


Figure 101 – Macro-Remote Control device functions.



Figure 102 – Macro-Remote Control device with Charger.



Figure 103 – Complete Control Box with Internal Receiver Mounted on Left rear Side of Tank.

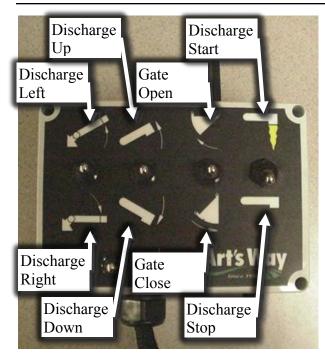


Figure 104 – Switch Functions for Complete Control Box with Internal Receiver.

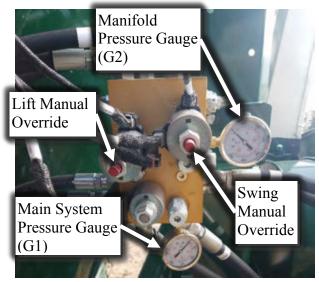


Figure 105 – Electro-Hydraulic Manifold Valve, Manual Overrides, and Pressure Gauges.

If discharge auger or auger feeder becomes clogged with material or foreign objects, the hydraulic motor will stall. When this occurs, the operator must disengage the tractor immediately so the pump and motor will not be damaged from excessive heat. The overloaded material and/or obstruction must be removed before the operation can be continued.

<u>Note:</u> The electrical system of the tractor must be in good working order. If voltage of less than 12.0 volts DC is provided to the actuator, hydraulic cooler, or solenoids on hydraulic control valves, the system will not operate properly.

IMPORTANT: Hydraulic cooler fan needs to be operated with a good working charged 12 volt electrical system (i.e. alternator) to function properly.



WARNING: DISENGAGE PTO, SHUT OFF POWER SOURCE, AND PLACE KEY IN POCKET BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO CLEAR BLOCKED AUGER. FAILURE TO HEED THIS WARNING MAY RESULT IN INJURY.

To **Engage** the Discharge Auger push the Discharge Start/Stop Button on the Remote Control (see Figure 99) or flip the switch up on the Complete Control Box (see Figure 104).

To **Disengage** the Discharge Auger push the Discharge Start/Stop Button on the Remote Control (see Figure 99) or flip the switch down on the Complete Control Box (see Figure 105).

<u>Note:</u> The manifold valve has manual override function if a coil fails on the valve bank. Manual override for each function is the 'red' colored button extending from the end of the solenoid valve (see Figure 105).

Pushing in on the button activates the **swing right** on swing function or the **discharge lower** on the raise/lower function.

Pulling the button out will activate the swing left on the swing function or the discharge raise on the raise/lower function. A 9/64" dia. hole is located at end of the 'red' colored override button for a 1/8" diameter rod or 1/8" hex wrench sized instrument to help pull the button out with sufficient force to activate the desired function.

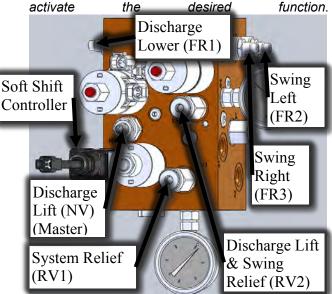


Figure 106 – Adjustment Screws and Manual Override for Discharge Cylinder Lift and Discharge Auger Swing Right.

<u>Note:</u> The discharge lift flow control (NV) is also the master flow control for both the discharge lift cylinder and swing motor (see Figure 106).

DISCHARGE AUGER LIFT CYLINDER ADJUSTMENT

To adjust the speed at which the lift cylinder raises or lowers the discharge auger, loosen the lock nut and turn the valve flow adjustment screw with 1/4" hex wrench for discharge lift (NV) or 3/16" hex wrench for discharge lower (FR1), (clockwise restricts flow, counter-clockwise increases flow). Start by adjusting the discharge lift flow control first (see note above). Then adjust the discharge lower flow control (FR1). The valve flow, when properly adjusted, will also reduce or eliminate jerkiness in the lift cylinders operation.

DISCHARGE AUGER SWING MOTOR ADJUSTMENT

There are two swing flow control valves (see Figure 104), swing right (FR3) and swing left (FR2). To adjust loosen lock nut and turn the valve flow adjustment screw with 3/16" hex wrench to control the speed at which the swing motor turns the discharge auger (clockwise restricts flow, counterclockwise increases flow). This should be a slow speed to eliminate jump and bounce when activated. The valve flow, when properly adjusted, will also reduce or eliminate jerkiness in the swing motor operation.

DISCHARGE AUGER LIFT CYLINDER AND SWING MOTOR PRESSURE RELIEF ADJUSTMENT

To protect the Discharge Auger from damage when it contacts an obstacle, the relief pressure in the manifold valve needs to be set to the lowest possible setting that still allows the Discharge Auger to both lift and swing properly. Relief valve (RV2) is factory set to 1000-1200 PSI. To adjust the relief, loosen the lock nut and turn the valve flow adjustment screw with 5/16" hex wrench. Turning the screw in increases the relief bypass pressure and conversely turning the screw out will lowers the bypass relief pressure (250 to 3500 PSI range).

<u>CAUTION:</u> Setting the relief bypass pressure to too high of a setting can cause damage to the Discharge Auger if an obstacle is contacted.

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM PRESSURE RELIEF ADJUSTMENT

To protect the overall hydraulic system from damage, the relief pressure in the manifold valve (RV1) is factory set to 2500 PSI. To adjust the relief, loosen the lock nut and turn the valve flow

adjustment screw with 5/16" hex wrench. Turning the screw in increases the relief bypass pressure and conversely turning the screw out will lower the bypass relief pressure (250 to 3500 PSI range).

HYDRAULIC DISCHARGE AUGER SOFT SHIFT CONTROLLER

The manifold valve on the 7165 GM is equipped with an electronic soft shift controller (see Figures 106, 107, & 108) that slowly opens the solenoid valve controlling the hydraulic discharge auger motors eliminating the 'bangs' or hydraulic shocks associated with operating a hydraulic valve. The controller is set to jump to a preset 'step' voltage then 'ramp' up to maximum at a preset rate.

The Step Point UP is preset to zero and Ramp UP rate is preset to 6 seconds.

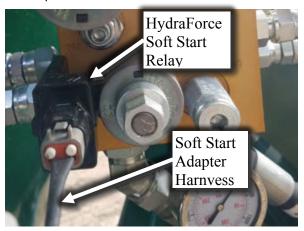


Figure 107a – Discharge Auger Soft Shift Controller

The HydraForce Controller (see Figure 108) is preprogramed from the factory and cannot be adjusted.

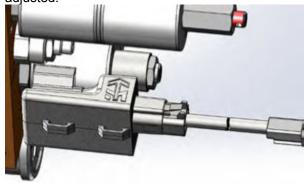


Figure 107b - Discharge Auger Soft Shift Controller (HydraForce)

HYDRAULIC OIL COOLER OPERATION

A hydraulic oil cooler (see Figure 108) is standard with any self-contained hydraulic option. The cooler engages when the hydraulic oil temperature rises above 115°F. At that point the cooler fan will run in

a "forward/pulling" direction up to approximately 10 minutes or until the oil has cooled below the 115°F setting. If the fan runs the full 10 minutes, it will automatically shut down and run in a "reverse/pushing" direction for approximately 30 seconds to help aid in cleaning the oil cooler fins from dust/debris which may be affecting air movement.

IMPORTANT: Hydraulic cooler fan needs to be operated with a good working charged 12 volt electrical system (i.e. alternator) to function properly. Low voltage output and/or weak battery can cause the fan to "twitch" in either direction.

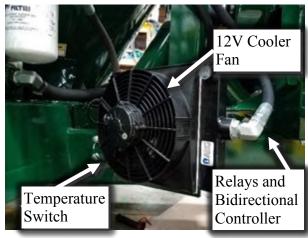


Figure 108 - Hydraulic Oil Cooler.

SELF-CONTAINED: ADJUSTMENT/SERVICE & LUBRICATION

1

CAUTION: TURN OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND DISCONNECT IMPLEMENT INPUT DRIVELINE BEFORE CLEANING, ADJUSTING, OR LUBRICATING MACHINE.

MAIN DRIVE CHAIN

Adjust mounting bracket of hydraulic pump so that the sheave on the Hammer Mill jack shaft and sheave on the hydraulic pump are running in-line. Tighten bearing and mounting bracket bolts and replace shield. Run grinder mixer slowly and observe hydraulic pump. If pump is in need of further adjustment to better align sheaves; for position of the sheaves see Figure 109a. Excessive wear of belt, sheaves, and hydraulic pump will result if sheaves are not aligned properly.



Figure 109a – Sheave Alignment (Use a Straight Edge if Possible).

HYDRAULIC VALVES

All valves are preset; if they need to be adjusted refer to "**Self-Contained Operation**" Section.

BELT TENSION

The belt that drives the hydraulic pump needs to be checked regularly for proper tension and alignment. Tension should be set at 12-15lbs of pressure at a deflection of 3/16" per belt (see Figure 109b) in the center point between sheaves.



Figure 109b - Tension Measuring Location (see Arrow).

HYDRAULIC FILTRATION

The return line filter, mounted on the return port of the hydraulic reservoir, traps contaminants before the oil returns to the tank. It is recommended that the element be replaced after the first 100 hours of operation and each 1000 hours or yearly thereafter, whichever occurs first (see Figure 110).



Figure 110 – Reservoir Filter (see Arrow)

A suction strainer is located in the suction port of the hydraulic reservoir tank. Periodically remove and clean it with compressed air, blowing from inside out. If it is damaged or does not cleanup well, replace it with a new strainer (see Figure 111).

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> A clogged strainer increases the chances of cavitation occurring in the intake line and subsequent damage to, and failure of the hydraulic pump caused by a lack of hydraulic fluid flowing through the pump.



Figure 111 – Reservoir Strainer (Black Arrow) and Drain Underneath Base Plate (Red Arrow).



Figure 112 – Drain Underneath Reservoir Tank Base (Red Arrow).

Installed in the drain port of the hydraulic reservoir tank is a magnetic pipe plug. When hydraulic oil is changed, this plug should be removed and any metal particles removed from it (see Figures 111 & 112).

NOTE: New hydraulic oil is not necessarily free from contaminants. New hydraulic oil straight from the drum has a typical cleanliness level of ISO 4406 23/21/18. To add hydraulic oil, and not the dirt, always filter new oil prior to use in a hydraulic system. This can be accomplished by pumping the oil into the hydraulic reservoir through the system's return filter. The easiest way to do this is to install a tee in the return line and attach a quick-connector to the branch of this tee. Attach the other half of the quick-connector to the discharge hose of a drum pump. When hydraulic oil needs to be added to the reservoir, the drum pump is coupled to the return line and the oil is pumped into the reservoir through the return filter. As well as filtering the oil, spills are avoided and the ingress of external contamination is prevented.

FILLER/BREATHER FILTER

When adding hydraulic oil, back blow through the filler cap with low pressure air. If the filler screen is dirty, remove the six (6) – screw on the filler assembly and flush screen with solvent and allow too dry before installing. Prior to replacing the access filler assembly, remove the old gasket material from the filler and tank, then replace gasket material using silicone blue (see Figure 113).

If lack of pressure or flow is experienced, check strainer and/or replace filter. Regular servicing of the filter and preventing contaminants from entering the hydraulic oil is the best assurance of reliable and economic operation.



Figure 113a - Hydraulic Reservoir Cap (see Arrow)

HYDRAULIC COOLER MAINTENANCE

EXTERNAL CLEANING

Visually check the cooling fins daily for excessive dust/debris build up which may decrease the cooling efficiency of the oil cooler. Use pressurized air to remove the loose dust and debris. If dust and debris cannot be removed with air, use a small amount water with a mild cleaner (compatible with aluminum) to clean out the cooler fins. Rinse thoroughly after washing oil cooler. Cooler needs to be completely dry before restarting operation.

INTERNAL CLEANING

Cooler must be disconnected from the hydraulic circuit and flushed with clean compatible oil. Flushing in the opposite direction of standard flow is recommended. Reconnect system, making sure to orientate the flow in the proper direction.

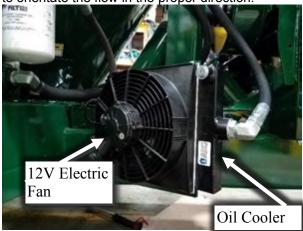


Figure 113b - Hydraulic Cooler.

Electric fan motor has sealed bearings and will not require any lubrication.

NOTE: Avoid running machine in wet conditions or with water/moister in the oil cooler. Dust and or dirt can become "caked" in cooler and clog the air pathway through the cooler. If necessary to operation in wet conditions, be sure to inspect oil cooler for blockages and clean often to reduce extreme heat build-up in the hydraulic system.



CAUTION: IF CLEANING COOLER WITH WATER JETS OR STREAM, DIRECT STEAM WATER PARALLEL TO COOLING FINS. FAILURE TO DO SO COULD DAMAGE COOLING FINS AND/OR COOLER COMPONENTS.



CAUTION: TURN OFF POWER SOURCE, PLACE KEY IN POCKET, AND DISCONNECT IMPLEMENT INPUT DRIVELINE BEFORE CLEANING, ADJUSTING, OR LUBRICATING MACHINE.

SELF CONTAINED: TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The majority of difficulties are caused by improper adjustments. When you encounter trouble, perform a systematic check of all possible adjustments using the chart that follows. If difficulties cannot be corrected by making the adjustments that follow, consult your local Art's Way authorized dealer for further assistance.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	POSSIBLE REMEDY
No functions work on wireless remote control	Wireless remote control is turned off	Turn power on wireless remote control
Control	Batteries in wireless remote control are weak or drained	Recharge internal batteries on Macro-remote control
	Something is blocking signal from wireless remote control to receiver	Move to location with clear line of site from wireless remote control to receiver
	No power to receiver, control box, and/or electro-hydraulic valve bank	Flip mode switch to Remote Control on Complete Control Box
		Check connections to battery
		Check connections from tractor to grinder
		Check connections on control box
		Check connections on electro-hydraulic valve bank
		Check for severed wires
	Wireless remote control is not synchronized with receiver	Resynchronize wireless remote control with receiver (see Synchronizing Remote Control to Receiver)
	Fault in system	Check LED status display for possible fault or error indication of system status (see Remote Control Error Codes below)
	Mode Switch is on Manual	Flip switch to Remote (see Figure 100)
Certain functions on wireless remote control do not work or Functions operate intermittently	Something is blocking signal from wireless remote control to receiver	Move to location with clear line of site from wireless remote control to receiver
	Bad wire or loose connection to valve coil	Check the wiring connection from the Control Box to the valve coil for the output function that does not work
		Reseat connector at valve coil
	Receiver antenna improperly connected	Check Receiver connections
	or damaged	Replace Receiver
	Fault in system	Check LED status display for possible fault or error indication of system status (see Remote Control Error Codes below)
	Bad valve coil	Replace coil
Discharge auger will not lift and/or swing	Wireless remote control and/or receiver not working	Check wireless remote control/receiver as above
	Improper voltage or amperes	Use tractor that will provide 12-15 volts DC and 10 amperes
	Loose electrical connections	Check connections to battery
		Check connections from tractor to grinder
		Check connections on control box
		Check connections on electro-hydraulic valve bank
		Check for severed wires
	Low hydraulic fluid level	Fill reservoir to proper level

	Hydraulic fluid leak	Check all fittings and hoses for leaks	
	Relief bypass in manifold valve set at too low of pressure	Increase relief valve pressure	
	Contamination in valves	Remove and clean cartridge valves	
	Faulty relief valve	Replace relief valve	
	Adjustable valves closed	Open valves	
	Air in hydraulic lines	Run grinder mixer at low rpm 5-10 minutes. During this time, activate all hydraulic motors and cylinders to ensure that air is removed from system.	
	Bad valve coil	Replace coil	
Discharge auger will not run	Improper voltage or amperes	Use tractor that will provide 12-15 volts DC and 10 amperes	
	Loose electrical connections	Check electrical connection	
	Bad soft shift controller	Replace soft shift controller	
	Low hydraulic fluid level	Fill reservoir to proper level	
	Hydraulic fluid leak	Check all fittings and hoses for leaks	
	Bad manifold coil	Replace coil	
Discharge door will not open	Actuator not operating	Check electrical connection as above	
	Improper voltage or amperes	Use tractor that will provide 12-15 volts DC and 10 amperes (Black wire = Ground)	
Hydraulic motors run hot	Low hydraulic fluid level	Fill reservoir to proper level	
Hydraulic system runs slow	RPM's from tractor has fallen below required level	Increase PTO's speed to: -1000 but not more than 1050 RPM for 1000 RPM PTOs -540 but not more than 565 RPM for 540 RPM PTOs	
	Clogged filter or strainer	Replace filter Clean strainer	
	Low hydraulic fluid level	Fill reservoir to proper level	
	Hydraulic fluid has thicken from the cold (winter operation)	Run for 10 to 15 minutes at idle with pump running to warm up and thin fluid	
Oil temperature high (>180°F)	Clogged cooler fins	Inspect cooling fins and clean if applicable	
	Low hydraulic fluid level	Fill reservoir to proper level	
	Fan not running or is "twitching"	Check fuse	
		Check circuit (tractor/machine) for good connections.	
		Low voltage supply (check alternator and/or battery output)	

SELF CONTAINED: REMOTE CONTROL ERROR CODES

Count the number of blinks on the receiver or the wireless remote control red LED.

ERROR CODE	PROBABLE CAUSE
1 Blink	Radio signal problem
2 Blink	Short or open connection at output 1 (White Wire to Receiver)
3 Blink	Short or open connection at output 2 (Green Wire to Receiver)
4 Blink	Short or open connection at output 3 (Blue Wire to Receiver)
5 Blink	Short or open connection at output 4 (Brown Wire to Receiver)
6 Blink	Short or open connection at output 5 (Yellow Wire to Receiver)
7 Blink	Short or open connection at output 6 (Orange Wire to Receiver)
8 Blink	Short or open connection at output 7 (Gray Wire to Receiver) NOT USED
9 Blink	Short or open connection at output 8 (Purple Wire to Receiver)

There are no user-serviceable parts inside the wireless remote control or the receiver. Return the units for service.

ATTACHMENTS 63

ATTACHMENTS

ELECTRONIC SCALE ATTACHMENT

A solid state electronic scale attachment, digital type, is available for your grinder mixer. The scale attachment consists of weigh bar sensors mounted on the grinder mixers axle spindles and hitch. They are electronically connected to the indicator bars. The indicator alarm system is available with the electronic scale attachment. Scale accuracies of 1 percent or less are obtained. Complete installation and operating instructions are included with the attachment.

ADJUSTABLE SCALE ARM ATTACHMENT

The optional scale arm allows the electronic scale to be positioned along a 180° arc off the side of the grinder (see Figure 114). Drill two 13/32" holes no higher than 2.5" from top of tank brace. Use the mount as a template to properly space holes. Tension on the pivot point spring can be increased or decreased by tightening or loosening the nut. Periodic grease needs to be applied to the zerk on the pivot point.

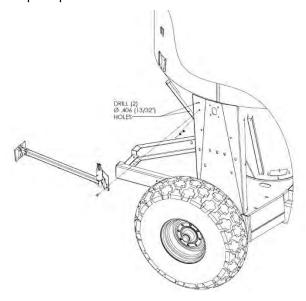


Figure 114 - Adjustable Scale Arm Attachment.

DISCHARGE UNLOADING AUGER EXTENSIONS

3 foot and 6 foot folding and 3 foot and 6 foot bolton discharge auger extensions are available (see Figure 115). For unloading height obtainable with various extensions added to the unloading auger system, refer to Table 4. For unloading auger instructions, refer to OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER section.



Figure 115 - Folding Auger Extension.

SCREENS

Screens for Hammer Mills are available in 12 sizes ranging from 1/8 inch to 2 inch. Refer to OPERATION OF GRINDER MIXER – Hammer Mill Screens.

HYDRAULIC ROLL FEED

The hydraulic roll feed provides easier feeding of exceptionally coarse material such as ear corn, corn cobs or hay. Additional protection is provided for the operator and more even particle size will be obtained (see Figure 116).

To maintain even feeding, the roll feed may be set at a desired height by using the roll feed crank. Roll feed settings will vary with the material being fed. Brief experience will indicate the best settings. Set the roll feed just high enough so that the material is being pulled smoothly.

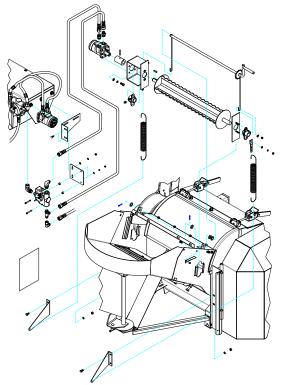


Figure 116 - Roll Feed With Auger Feeder Shown.

64 ATTACHMENTS



CAUTION: NEVER FORCE MATERIAL INTO ROLL FEED WITH STICK OR WITH HANDS. BE ESPECIALLY CAREFUL WHEN FEEDING SLICES OF HAY, ALWAYS ALLOWING ROLL FEED TO PULL HAY INTO MILL.

The hydraulic roll feed is connected in series with the hydraulic auger feeder. A separate flow control valve allows separate speed control for the roll feed. If equipped with the hydraulic roll feed only, the flow control is on top of the Hammer Mill. The crank for lowering the roll feed is toward the front of the Hammer Mill housing (see Figure 117).



Figure 117 - Roll Feed and Auger Feeder Flow Control Valves.

ROLL FEED ADJUSTMENT

Five holes are provided at the upper end of the roll feed spring. The roll feed tension can be changed as desired. Generally, the top hole is used for hay (see Figure 118).

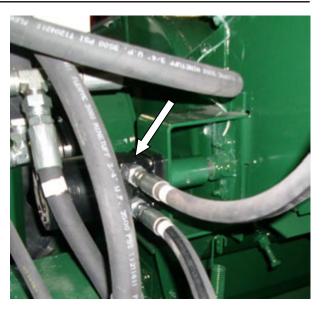


Figure 118 - Hydraulic Roll Feed Motor.

If the roll feed does not crank up straight, check the cables at each side of the roll feed to see if they are both uniform on the roll feed crank shaft (see Figure 119).



Figure 119 - Roll Feed Crank.

Cable lengths can be adjusted by loosening the nut with the special cable washer and retightened after the cables have been equalized.

SPECIFICATIONS

TANK AND FRAME	
Capacity of mixing tank:	165 bu. /206 cu. ft.
Height (variable with tire size):	126 inches.
Width without auger feeder:	111 inches.
Overall length:	175 inches.
Weight:	5150 lbs.
DISCHARGE AUGER	
Auger diameter:	9-3/16 inches.
Auger tube diameter:	10 inches.
Horizontal operating arc:	225°
Vertical operating arc:	+46° to -27° or +60° to -11°
Auger Feeder	
Auger length:	100 inches.
Auger diameter:	10 inches.
Hopper width open:	43 inches.
Height of hopper from ground in down position:	16-1/2 inches.
Height of hopper from ground in up position:	60 inches.
MIXING AUGER	
Auger width	12 inches.
Mixing base	24 inches.
SUPPLEMENT HOPPER	
Auger diameter	7 inches.
Hopper size	21 inches X 24 inches
Height from ground	
HAMMER MILLS	
Tank and frame	26 inches
Width of Mill	Full 26 inches
Screen area	780 sq. in.
Operating speed	540 or 1,000 RPM
Operating speed of Mill	2,800 to 3,000 RPM
Screen sizes available	
	3/4, 1, 1-1/4, 1-1/2, and 2 inch
Type drive	Six double banded 3V belts for 540 or 1,000 RPM
Power Required	80 to 150 HP

SPECIFICATIONS: SELF-CONTAINED HYDRAULICS

PUMP

• Type: Gear Driven Positive Displacement

• **Displacement:** 3.869 cu. in. per revolution

• Flow (GPM): 15.6 gallons per minute @ 1000

RPM

• Input HP Required: 26.43 HP @ 2500 PSI

HYDRAULIC RESERVOIR

• Type: Fabricated pickled and oiled steel

• Capacity: 9 gallons

• **Ports:** Suction: -24 ORB (1-7/8-12 SAE)

o Return: -20 ORB (1-5/8-12 SAE)

o Drain: 3/4" NPT

FILTERS/STRAINERS/BREATHERS/INDICATORS

Tank Mounted Suction Strainer

• Flow Capacity: 15 GPM

• Style: Suction Type

• Screen Size: 100 Mesh

• Thread Size: -24 ORB (1-7/8-12 SAE) male

o -16 ORB (1-5/16-12 SAE) female

Tank Mounted Filler Breather

• Breather Filler: 40 Micron

• Strainer Basket: 30 Mesh

Tank Mounted Temperature/Level Gauge

• Material: 40 Micron

• Strainer Basket: 30 Mesh

Return Line Filter

 Material: Head-Cast Aluminum, Spin-on Canister-Steel, Seals-Nitrile, standard

 Pressure Rating: 250 PSI maximum operating, Caution: 80 PSI with Blocked Bypass

• Temperature Range: -40°F to +250°F

• Filtration: 10 Micron absolute

• Flow: 20 GPM

• Internal Bypass: Relieves at 15 PSI differential

• Port Size: -20 ORB (1-5/8-12 SAE)

HYDRAULIC MOTORS

Auger Feeder/Roll Feeder

• Type: Gear, low speed high torque

• Displacement: 11.3 cu. in. per revolution

• Flow (GPM): 15 GPM cont., 20 GPM inter.

• Pressure Rating: 1600 PSI cont., 2150 PSI inter.

• **Ports**: -10 ORB (7/8-14 SAE)

Discharge Auger

• Type: Gear, low speed high torque

• Displacement: 9.6 cu. in. per revolution

• Flow (GPM): 20 GPM cont., 30 GPM inter.

 Pressure Rating: 3000 PSI cont., 3750 PSI inter., 4500 max.

• Ports: -10 ORB (7/8-14 SAE)

Discharge Swing

• Type: Gear, low speed high torque

• Displacement: 22.6 cu. in. per revolution

• Flow (GPM): 15 GPM cont., 20 GPM inter.

• Pressure Rating: 1250 PSI cont., 1500 PSI inter.

• Ports: -10 ORB (7/8-14 SAE)

MANIFOLD VALVE ASSEMBLY

Directional Valve Assembly: Consisting of (2) solenoid operated 3-position 4-way tandem center spool valves and (1) solenoid operated proportional 2-way poppet valve mounted on a common manifold with (3) pressure compensated flow controls, (1) needle valve (2) built—in relief valves and (2) stem mount 3000 PSI pressure gauges.

Manifold Valve Assembly

• Type: Custom Manifold Block

• Material: 6061-T6 Aluminum, Gold Anodized

• Solenoids: 12 VDC Electric

Flow: System design 16-20 GPM, Max. 25 GPM

 Max. Pressure: 3000 PSI @ A1,A2,D1,D2,S1,S2, LD,UD, 3500 PSI @P, T

 Max. Fluid Contamination: Class 21/18/15 to ISO 4406

• Temperature Range: -40°F to +248°F Seals

- Port Sizes: P: -12 ORB (1-1/16-12 SAE)
 - o T: -12 ORB (1-1/16-12 SAE)
 - LD,UD: -10 ORB (7/8-14 SAE)
 - A1,A2,D1,D2,S1,S2: -8 ORB (3/4-16 SAE)

Solenoid Valve SP (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Proportional solenoid-operated, 2-way, poppet-type, normally open, hydraulic cartridge
- Solenoid: 12 VDC Electric w/DIN 43650 connector
- Flow: 70 GPM Max.
- Operating Pressure: 3625 PSI

Soft Start Controller (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Housing Material: High impact resistance ABS
- Input Voltage: +10 to +30 VDC
- Solenoid Connector: DIN 43650 connector
- Wire Connector: Deutsch DTO4-2P connector
- Preset Ramp up Rate: 6 sec.
- Preset Ramp down Rate: 0 sec.
- Temperature Range: -4°F to +158°F
- NEMA/IP Rating: NEMA 6/IP65 when assembled

Solenoid Valves SV1 & SV2 (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Solenoid-operated, 4-way, 3-position, direct-acting, spool-type, tandem center, w/manual override
- Solenoid: 12 VDC Electric w/Deutsch DTO4-2P connector
- Flow: 5 GPM Max.
- Operating Pressure: 3500 PSI

Flow Control Valves FR1, FR2, & FR3 (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Cartridge-style, adjustable, pressurecompensated, restrictive-type hydraulic flow regulating
- Flow Range: 0.1-3 GPM
- Maximum Pressure: 5000 PSI

Needle Valve NV (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Cartridge-style, variable orifice, hydraulic flow restrictor
- Flow Range: 12 GPM
- Maximum Pressure: 3500 PSI

Relief Valves RV1 & RV2 (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Cartridge-style, direct-acting, differential area poppet-type hydraulic relief
- Pressure: Preset @2500 PSI
- Adjustable Pressure Range: 250 3500 PSI

Logic Element EP (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel cartridge with anodized highstrength 6061-T6 aluminum body
- Type: Spool-type, cartridge-style, hydraulic directional element
- Flow Range: 0-20 GPM
- Pressure Setting: 80 PSI
- Maximum Pressure: 3000 PSI

Check Valve CV (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Cartridge-style, hydraulic check
- Flow Range: 0-20 GPM
- Pressure Setting: 5 PSI
- Maximum Pressure: 3500 PSI

Pilot Check Valve PC (Manifold Valve Assembly)

- Material: Steel
- Type: Cartridge-style, pilot operated, hydraulic check
- Pilot Ratio: 4:1
- Flow Range: 0-8 GPM
- Pressure Setting: 30 PSI
- Maximum Pressure: 3500 PSI

Pressure Gauges G1 & G2 (Manifold Valve Assembly)

• Material: Steel

• Type: 2-1/2 inch stem mount

• Pressure Range: 0 - 3000 PSI

Adjustable Flow Control (Auger Feeder)

• Material: Steel

• Flow Range: 0-16 GPM

Maximum Pressure: 3000 PSIPort Size: -10 ORB (7/8-14 SAE)

Hydraulic Oil Cooler (Electric)

• Max Working Pressure: 250 PSI

Max Working Temperature: 250°F

• Motor: 12VDC

• Amp Draw: 17 Amps (50 Amp fuse

recommended)

• **Port Size:** -16 SAE O-ring (2)

ELECTRIC ACTUATOR

• Type: 12 VDC

• Load Rating: 250 lbs.

• Stroke Length: 12 inches

• Overload Protection: Ball detent overload clutch

• Drive: Acme screw thread

ELECTRIC CONTROL BOX

• Type: 12 VDC

• Circuit Breaker: 30 amp Fuse in Complete

Control Box

WIRELESS REMOTE CONTROL

 Power Supply: Internal rechargeable lithium ion battery. Battery Life continuous operation: 35-40 hours.

• Operating Temperature - Radio: -40°F to +185°F

• Storage Temperature: -40°F to +212°F

• RF Frequency: 902-928 MHz

• RF Transmit power (EIRP): 10 mW

• Range: 100 m (328 ft.) nominal, greater line of

sight

• Vibration: 3G to 200Hz

• Shock: 50G

• Ingress Protection: IP65 Remote Control

Receiver

• Power Supply Voltage: 9-30VDC

• Operating Temperature: -40°F to +185°F

• Storage Temperature: -40°F to +212°F

• Outputs: 3.0-5.0A, sourcing (20A system max.)

• RF Frequency: 902-928 MHz

• RF Transmit power (EIRP): 10 mW

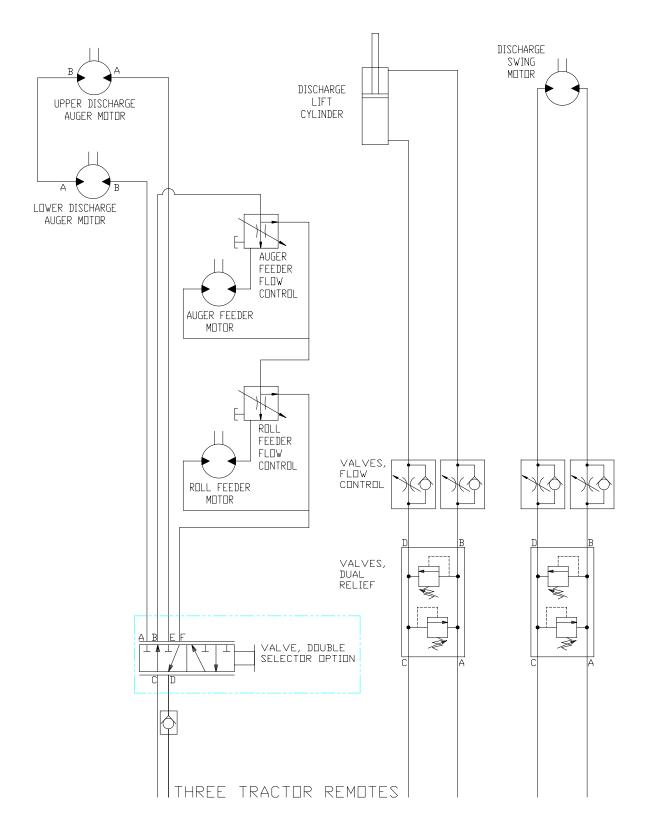
• Range: 100 m (328 ft.) nominal, greater line of

sight

• Vibration: 3G to 200Hz

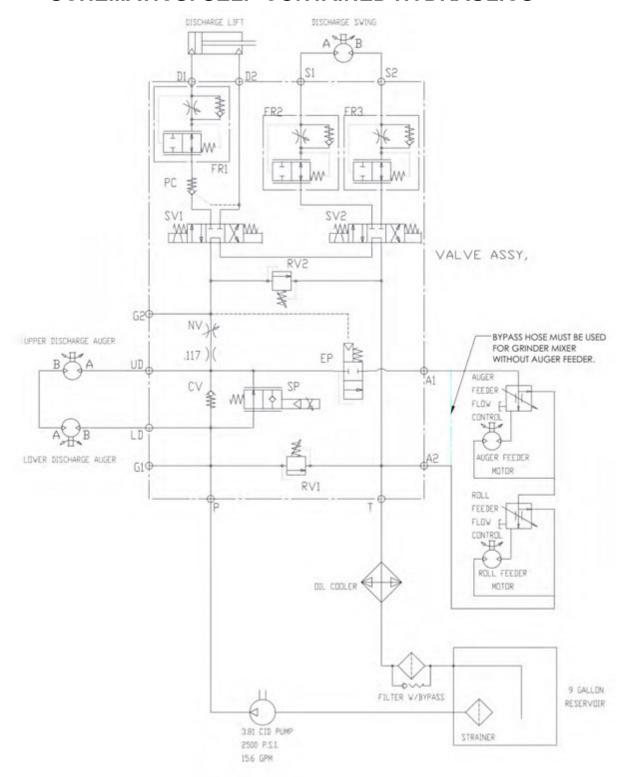
• Shock: 100G

SCHEMATICS: TRACTOR HYDRAULICS

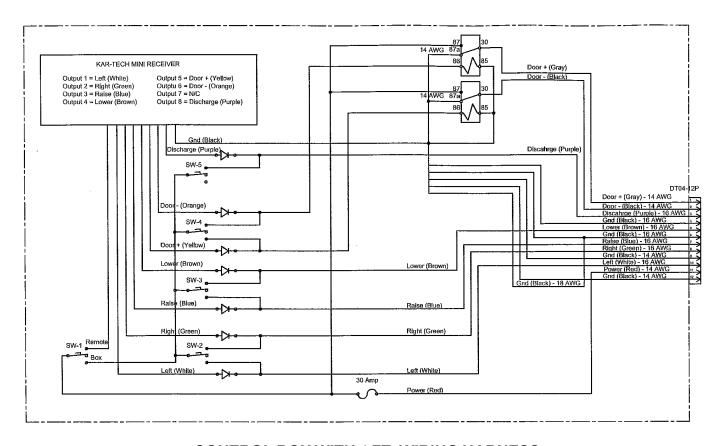


70 SCHEMATICS

SCHEMATICS: SELF-CONTAINED HYDRAULICS

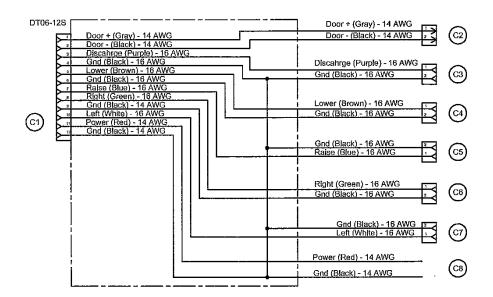


SCHEMATICS: SELF-CONTAINED WIRING



CONTROL BOX WITH 4 FT. WIRING HARNESS

Packard 56 Series Female

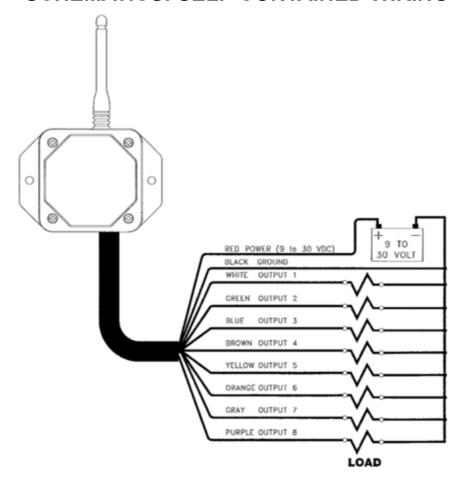


DT06-2S Sockets #0462-201-16141 Wedge W2S 5 Places Typ

WIRING HARNESS VALVE BANK, MANIFOLD, & ACTUATOR

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SCHEMATICS: SELF-CONTAINED WIRING



RECEIVER 8-OUTPUT

DT06-12S		DT04-12P
	Door + (Gray) - 14 AWG	
2	Door - (Black) - 14 AWG	2
3	Discahrge (Purple) - 16 AWG	3 🔾
4	Gnd (Black) - 16 AWG	4 3
5	Lower (Brown) - 16 AWG	5 🕽
6	Gnd (Black) - 16 AWG	6 3
7	Raise (Blue) - 16 AWG	17
<u> </u>	Right (Green) - 16 AWG	la 🕽
9	Gnd (Black) - 14 AWG	9 3
10	Left (White) - 16 AWG	10 🔾
11	Power (Red) - 14 AWG	11 🔾
12	Gnd (Black) - 14 AWG	12 🔾
<u> </u>		

OPTIONAL 20 FT. WIRE HARNESS EXTENSION



ART'S-WAY MANUFACTURING CO., INC. TECHNICAL MANUALS

Manuals are available from your local dealer or Art's-Way Manufacturing Co., Inc. for the operation, service, and repair of your machine. For prompt convenient service, contact your local dealer for assistance in obtaining the manuals for your machine.

Your local dealer can expedite your order for operator manuals, illustrated parts catalogs, service manuals, and maintenance records.

Always give the Machine Name, Model, and Serial Number so your local dealer can provide the correct manuals for your machine.

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ART'S-WAY MANUFACTURING CO., INC.
HWY 9 WEST - PO Box 288
Armstrong, IA. 50514 U.S.A

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